

Recombinant Human IL-17F

Catalog No: CS27

Description	Recombinant Human Interleukin-17F is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Arg31-Gln163 is expressed.
Source	Human Cells
Alternative name	Interleukin-17F; IL-17F; Cytokine ML-1; Interleukin-24; IL-24; IL17F; IL24
Accession No.	Q96PD4
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH7.4.
Quality Control	Purity: Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. Endotoxin: Less than 0.1 ng/µg (1 IEU/µg) as determined by LAL test.
Shipping	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
Storage	Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Amino Acid Sequence	RKIPKVGHTFFQKPESCPPVPGGSMKLDIGIINENQRVSMRNIESRSTSPWNYTVTWDPNRYPSSEVVQ AQCRNLGCINAQGK EDISMNSVPIQQETLVVRRKHQGCSVSFQLEKVLTVGCTCVTPVIHRVQ
Background	Interleukin-17F (IL-17F) exists in a disulfide-linked heterodimer that belongs to the IL-17 family. IL-17F is expressed in activated, but not resting, CD4+ T-cells and activated monocytes. IL-17F has been shown to stimulate the production of several other cytokines, including IL-6, IL-8, and granulocyte colony-stimulating factor. IL-17F can regulate cartilage matrix turnover and stimulates PBMC and T-cell proliferation. IL-17F is also found to inhibit the angiogenesis of endothelial cells and induce endothelial cells to produce IL2, TGFB1/TGFB, and monocyte chemoattractant protein-1. Defects in IL-17F are the cause of familial candidiasis type 6 (CANDF6).

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