

Recombinant Human CD27

Catalog No: CX60

Description Recombinant Human CD27 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Thr21-Ile192 is expressed with a Fc, 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Source Human Cells

Alternative name CD27 antigen; CD27L receptor; T-cell activation antigen CD27; Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 7; T14 and TNFRSF7.

Accession No. P26842

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH 8.0.

Reconstitution Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.

Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.

Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Quality Control Purity: Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin: Less than 0.1 ng/µg (1 IEU/µg) as determined by LAL test.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature.
Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.

Storage Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks.
Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days.
Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Amino Acid Sequence

TPAPKSCPERHYWAQGKLCCQMCEPGTFLVKDCDQHRKAAQCDPCIPGVSFSPDHHTRPHCESCRHC
NSGLLVNRNCTITANAECACRNGWQCRDKECTCDPLPNPSLTARSSQALSPHPQPTHLPYVSEMLEART
AGHMQTLADFRQLPARTLSTHWPPQRSLSDDFIRIVDDIEGRMDEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPS
VFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVL
HQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAV
EWESNGQPENNYKTTPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK
HH HHHH

Background CD27 antigen is also known as CD27L receptor, T-cell activation antigen CD27, Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 7, T14 and TNFRSF7. In humans, it is encoded by the CD27 gene. CD27 is a single-pass type I membrane protein with 3 TNFR-Cys repeats. It is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily and is required for generation and long-term maintenance of T cell immunity. It binds to ligand CD70, and plays a key role in regulating B-cell activation and immunoglobulin synthesis. It plays a role in survival of activated T-cells and apoptosis through association with SIVA1.

SDS-Page

