

Human CD112 / Nectin-2 / PVRL2 Protein (ECD, His Tag)

Catalog Number: 10005-H08H



Sino Biological
Biological Solution Specialist

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

CD112; HVEB; Nectin-2; PRR2; PVRL2

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the extracellular domain (Met 1-Leu 360) of human CD112 (NP_002847.1) was expressed with a C-terminal polyhistidine tag.

Source: Human

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Bio Activity:

1. Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized recombinant human CD112 at 20 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind biotinylated DNAM1 with a linear range of 0.078-2.5 µg/ml.

2. Using the Octet RED System, the affinity constant (Kd) of Anti-CD112 Antibody (Cat. 10005-MM01) bound to Nectin-2 Protein, Human, Recombinant (His Tag) (Cat. 10005-H08H) was 34.4 nM.

Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Predicted N terminal: Gln 32

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant mature human CD112 consists 340 amino acids and has a calculated molecular mass of 36.2 kDa. As a result of glycosylation, the recombinant protein migrates as an approximately 48 kDa protein in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Stability & Storage:

Samples are stable for twelve months from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C.

Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

Cluster of Differentiation 112 (CD112), also known as poliovirus receptor related protein 2 (PVRL2 or PRR2), is a single-pass type I transmembrane glycoprotein belonging to the Immunoglobulin superfamily. CD112 protein also serves as an entry for certain mutant strains of herpes simplex virus and pseudorabies virus, and thus is involved in cell to cell spreading of these viruses. CD112 protein has been identified as the ligand for DNAM-1 (CD226), and the interaction of CD226/CD112 protein can induce NK cell- and CD8+ T cell-mediated cytotoxicity and cytokine secretion. CD112 has been regarded as a critical component in allergic reactions, and accordingly may function as a novel target for anti-allergic therapy.

References

Bachelet I, et al. (2006) Mast cell costimulation by CD226/CD112 (DNAM-1/Nectin-2): a novel interface in the allergic process. J Biol Chem. 281(37): 27190-6.

Wang L, et al. (2009) Molecular cloning, characterization and three-dimensional modeling of porcine nectin-2/CD112. Vet Immunol Immunopathol. 132(2-4): 257-63.