# Human PD-L1 / B7-H1 / CD274 Protein

Catalog Number: 10084-HNAH



## **General Information**

### Gene Name Synonym:

B7-H; B7-H1; B7H1; PD-L1; PDCD1L1; PDCD1LG1; PDL1

#### **Protein Construction:**

A DNA sequence encoding the human CD274 (NP\_054862.1) (Met1-Arg238) was expressed.

Source: Human

Expression Host: HEK293

**QC** Testing

**Purity:** > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin:** 

< 1.0 EU per  $\mu g$  protein as determined by the LAL method.

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

Predicted N terminal: Phe 19

**Molecular Mass:** 

The recombinant human CD274 consists of 220 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 25.2 kDa.

### Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

# **Usage Guide**

### Storage:

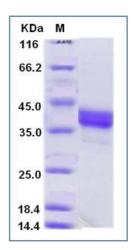
Store it under sterile conditions at  $\text{-}20\,^\circ\!\text{C}$  to  $\text{-}80\,^\circ\!\text{C}$  upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

#### SDS-PAGE:



# **Protein Description**

Programmed death-1 ligand-1 (PD-L1, CD274, B7-H1) has been identified as the ligand for the immunoinhibitory receptor programmed death-1(PD1/PDCD1) and has been demonstrated to play a role in the regulation of immune responses and peripheral tolerance. PD-L1/B7-H1 is a member of the growing B7 family of immune molecules and this protein contains one V-like and one C-like Ig domain within the extracellular domain, and together with PD-L2, are two ligands for PD1 which belongs to the CD28/CTLA4 family expressed on activated lymphoid cells. By binding to PD1 on activated T-cells and B-cells, PD-L1 may inhibit ongoing T-cell responses by inducing apoptosis and arresting cell-cycle progression. Accordingly, it leads to growth of immunogenic tumor growth by increasing apoptosis of antigen specific T cells and may contribute to immune evasion by cancers. PD-L1 thus is regarded as promising therapeutic target for human autoimmune disease and malignant cancers.

## References

1.Iwai Y, et al. (2002) Involvement of PD-L1 on tumor cells in the escape from host immune system and tumor immunotherapy by PD-L1 blockade. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 99(19): 12293-7. 2.Ghebeh H, et al. (2006) The B7-H1 (PD-L1) T lymphocyte-inhibitory molecule is expressed in breast cancer patients with infiltrating ductal carcinoma: correlation with important high-risk prognostic factors. Neoplasia. 8(3): 190-8. 3.Salih HR, et al. (2006) The role of leukemia-derived B7-H1 (PD-L1) in tumor-T-cell interactions in humans. Exp Hematol. 34(7): 888-94.

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