# **Human CD55 / DAF Protein (His Tag)**

Catalog Number: 10101-H08H



# **General Information**

### Gene Name Synonym:

CR; CROM; DAF; TC

## **Protein Construction:**

A DNA sequence encoding the human CD55 precursor (NP\_000565.1) (Met 1-Ser 353) was expressed, with a C-terminal polyhistidine tag.

Source: Human

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

**QC** Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

## **Bio Activity:**

Immobilized Human CD55 His (Cat: 10101-H08H) at 2  $\mu$ g/ml (100  $\mu$ l/well) can bind Human CD97 hFc (Cat: 11280-H02H), the EC<sub>50</sub> of Human CD97 hFc is 15-65 ng/mL.

#### **Endotoxin:**

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Predicted N terminal: Asp 35

# **Molecular Mass:**

The secreted recombinant human CD55 consists of 330 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 36.5 kDa. In SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, the apparent molecular mass of rhCD55 is approximately 55-60 kDa due to glycosylation.

#### Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

## Usage Guide

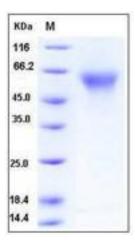
#### Stability & Storage:

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

#### SDS-PAGE:



# **Protein Description**

CD55, also well known as decay-accelerating factor (DAF), is a member of the RCA (regulators of complement activation) family characterized by four to 3 SCRs (short consensus repeats) in their plasma-exposed regions. It is a major regulator of the alternative and classical pathways of complement activation and is expressed on all serum-exposed cells. CD55 is physiologically acting as an inhibitor of the complement system, but is also broadly expressed in malignant tumours. DAF seems to exert different functions beyond its immunological role such as promotion of tumorigenesis, decrease of complement mediated tumor cell lysis, autocrine loops for cell rescue and evasion of apoptosis, neoangiogenesis, invasiveness, cell motility. It is commonly hijacked by invading pathogens, including many enteroviruses and uropathogenic Escherichia coli, to promote cellular attachment prior to infection. This 7-75 kDa glycoprotein CD55 containing four SCR modules is involved in the regulation of the complement cascade. It inhibits complement activation by suppressing the function of C3/C5 convertases, thereby limiting local generation or deposition of C3a/C5a and membrane attack complex (MAC or C5b-9) production. DAF has been identified as a ligand for an activation-associated, seven-transmembrane lymphocyte receptor, CD97, which is a receptor mediating attachment and infection of several viruses and bacteria. In addition, it has been shown that DAF regulates the interplay between complement and T cell immunity in vivo, and thus may be implicated in immune and tumor biology.

# References

1.Lea S. (2002) Interactions of CD55 with non-complement ligands. Biochem Soc Trans.  $30(Pt\ 6)$ : 1014-9.

2.Mikesch JH, et al. (2006) The expression and action of decayaccelerating factor (CD55) in human malignancies and cancer therapy. Cell Oncol. 28(5-6): 223-32.

3.Wang Y, et al. (2010) Decay accelerating factor (CD55) protects neuronal cells from chemical hypoxia-induced injury. J Neuroinflammation. 7:24.