# Human OMGP / OMG Protein (aa 1-420, His Tag)

Catalog Number: 10269-H08H1



## **General Information**

## Gene Name Synonym:

**OMGP** 

#### **Protein Construction:**

A DNA sequence encoding the mature form of human OMGP (P23515-1) (Met 1-Asn 420) without the pro peptide was expressed, fused with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

Source: Human

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

**QC** Testing

Purity: > 97 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

**Endotoxin:** 

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt  $\,$  at -70  $\,$   $^{\circ}$ C

Predicted N terminal: lle 25

## **Molecular Mass:**

The secreted recombinant human OMGP comprises 407 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 46 kDa. The apparent molecular mass of rh OMGP is approximately 120-130 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions due to high glycosylation.

#### Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

## **Usage Guide**

## Storage:

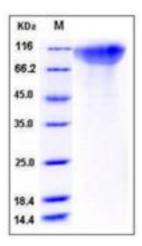
Store it under sterile conditions at  $-20^{\circ}$ C to  $-80^{\circ}$ C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

#### SDS-PAGE:



# **Protein Description**

Oligodendrocyte-myelin glycoprotein, also known as OMG and OMGP, is a cell membrane protein which contains eightLRR (leucine-rich) repeats. OMG / OMGP is a glycosylphosphatidylinositol-anchored protein expressed by neurons and oligodendrocytes in the central nervous system (CNS). OMG / OMGP is a cell adhesion molecule contributing to the interactive process required for myelination in the central nervous system. OMG / OMGP play roles in both the developing and adult central nervous system. OMG / OMGP participats in growth cone collapse and inhibition of neurite outgrowth through its interaction with NgR, the receptor for Nogo. This function requires its leucine-rich repeat domain, a highly conserved region in OMgp during mammal evolution. OMG / OMGP leucine-rich repeat domain is also implicated in the inhibition of cell proliferation. OMG / OMGP may also be involved in the formation and maintenance of myelin sheaths. Cell proliferation, neuronal sprouting and myelination are crucial processes involved in brain development and regeneration after injury.

## References

1.Viskochil D., et al.,(1991), The gene encoding the oligodendrocyte-myelin glycoprotein is embedded within the neurofibromatosis type 1 gene. Mol. Cell. Biol. 11:906-912. 2.Mikol D.D., et al., (1990), The oligodendrocyte-myelin glycoprotein belongs to a distinct family of proteins and contains the HNK-1 carbohydrate.J. Cell Biol. 110:471-479. 3.Mikol D.D., et al.,(1990), Structure and chromosomal localization of the gene for the oligodendrocyte-myelin glycoprotein.J. Cell Biol. 111:2673-2679.

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