Human Granzyme H Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: 10348-H08H



General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

CCP-X; CGL-2; CSP-C; CTLA1; CTSGL2; GZMH

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the human Granzyme H (NP_219491.1) (Met 1-Leu 246) with a C-terminal polyhistidine tag was expressed.

Source: Human

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 $^{\circ}$ C

Predicted N terminal: Glu 19

Molecular Mass:

The secreted recombinant human Granzyme H comprises 239 amino acids with a predicted molecular mass of 26.7 kDa. As a result of glycosylation, rh Granzyme H migrates as an approximately 36 kDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Storage:

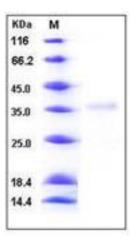
Store it under sterile conditions at $-20\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ to $-80\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

Granzymes are key components of the immune response that play important roles in eliminating host cells infected by intracellular pathogens. Several granzymes are potent inducers of cell death. A total of eight granzymes (A-G and M) have been identified in the mouse, but only five are known in humans (A, B, H, M and granzyme 3), and granzyme H appears to be specifically human. Human granzyme H is a neutral serine protease that is expressed predominantly in the lymphokine-activated killer (LAK)/natural?killer (NK) compartment of the immune system. In adenovirus-infected cells in which granzyme B (gzmB) and downstream apoptosis pathways are inhibited, granzyme H directly cleaves the adenovirus DNA-binding protein (DBP), a viral component absolutely required for viral DNA replication. This virus demonstrated that gzmH directly induces an important decay in viral DNA replication. Interestingly, gzmH also cleaves the adenovirus 100K assembly protein, a major inhibitor of gzmB, and relieves gzmB inhibition. Granzyme H has a very high amino acid identity (>90%) with many portions of the granzyme B sequence, particularly near the amino terminus of the molecule despite performing a distinct enzymic function.

References

1.Meier M., et al.,(1990), Cloning of a gene that encodes a new member of the human cytotoxic cell protease family. Biochemistry 29:4042-4049. 2.Haddad P., et al., (1991), Structure and evolutionary origin of the human granzyme H gene.Int. Immunol. 3:57-66. 3.Klein J.L., et al.,(1990), Characterization of a novel, human cytotoxic lymphocyte-specific serine protease cDNA clone (CSP-C).Tissue Antigens 35:220-228.

Manufactured By Sino Biological Inc., FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS.

For US Customer: Fax: 267-657-0217 • Tel: 215-583-7898

Global Customer: Fax :+86-10-5862-8288 • Tel:+86-400-890-9989 • http://www.sinobiological.com