# Human TRAIL R2 / CD262 / TNFRSF10B Protein (His Tag), Biotinylated

Catalog Number: 10465-H08H-B



## **General Information**

#### Gene Name Synonym:

CD262; DR5; KILLER; KILLER/DR5; TRAIL-R2; TRAILR2; TRICK2; TRICK2A; TRICK2B; TRICKB; ZTNFR9

#### **Protein Construction:**

A DNA sequence encoding the human TNFRSF10B (NP\_003833.3) extracellular domain (Met 1-Glu 182) was expressed with a C-terminal polyhistidine tag. The purified protein was biotinylated in vitro.

Source: Human

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

**QC** Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

**Endotoxin:** 

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 

Predicted N terminal: lle 56

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant human TNFRSF10B consists of 138 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 15.8 kDa.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

# **Usage Guide**

#### Storage:

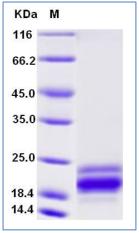
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

### Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

#### SDS-PAGE:



# **Protein Description**

Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 10b, official symbol TNFRSF10B, also known as Death receptor 5, CD262, TNF-related apoptosis-inducing ligand receptor 2 (TRAIL R2), is a member of the TNFreceptor superfamily, and contains an intracellular death domain. This receptor can be activated by tumor necrosis factor-related apoptosis inducing ligand (TNFSF10/TRAIL/APO-2L), and transduces an apoptosis signal. Studies with FADD-deficient mice suggested that FADD, a death domain containing adaptor protein, is required for the apoptosis mediated by this protein. TRAIL R2/CD262/TNFRSF10B was purified independently as the only receptor for TRAIL detectable on the surface of two different human cell lines that undergo apoptosis upon stimulation with TRAIL. TRAIL R2/CD262/TNFRSF10B contains two extracellular cysteine-rich repeats, typical for TNF receptor (TNFR) family members, and a cytoplasmic death domain. TRAIL R2/CD262/TNFRSF10B mediates apoptosis via the intracellular adaptor molecule FADD/MORT1. TRAIL receptors can signal both death and gene transcription, functions reminiscent of those of TNFR1 and TRAMP, two other members of the death receptor family. Defects in TRAIL R2/CD262/TNFRSF10B may be a cause of head and neck squamous cell carcinomas (HNSCC) also known as squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck.

#### References

1.Schneider P, et al. (1997) TRAIL receptors 1 (DR4) and 2 (DR5) signal FADD-dependent apoptosis and activate NF-kappaB. Immunity. 7(6): 831-6. 2.Ichikawa K, et al. (2003) TRAIL-R2 (DR5) mediates apoptosis of synovial fibroblasts in rheumatoid arthritis. J Immunol. 171(2): 1061-9. 3.Walczak H, et al. (1997) TRAIL-R2: a novel apoptosis-mediating receptor for TRAIL. EMBO J. 16(17): 5386-97.

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