# Human VEGF-C Protein (His Tag)

**Catalog Number:** **10542-H08H**

Sino Biological
Biological Solution Specialist

## General Information

**Gene Name Synonym:**

Flt4-L; LMPH1D; VEGF-C; VRP

**Protein Construction:**

A DNA sequence encoding the mature form of human VEGFC (NP_005420.1) corresponding to amino acid (Thr 103-Arg 227) was expressed with a C-terminal polyhistidine tag.

**Source:** Human

**Expression Host:** HEK293 Cells

## QC Testing

**Purity:** > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

**Bio Activity:**

**1. Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA . Scatchard analysis showed the affinity constant (Kd) of recombinant human VEGF-C bound to recombinant human VEGFR3 was 1.4 nM . 2. Measured in a cell proliferation assay using human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVEC). The $ED_{50}$ for this effect is 0.1-0.5μg/mL.**

**Endotoxin:**

< 1.0 EU per μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

**Stability:**

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 ℃

**Predicted N terminal:** Thr 103

**Molecular Mass:**

The recombinant mature form of human VEGFC consists of 136 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 15.5 kDa. In SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, it migrates with an apparent molecular mass of 22-24 kDa due to glycosylation.

**Formulation:**

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

## Usage Guide

**Storage:**

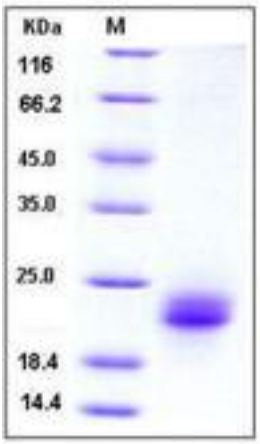
Store it under sterile conditions at -20℃ to -80℃ upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

**Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

**Reconstitution:**

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

**SDS-PAGE:**




## Protein Description

Vascular endothelial growth factor C (VEGF-C) is a member of the VEGF family. Upon biosynthesis, VEGF-C protein is secreted as a non-covalent momodimer in an anti-parellel fashion. VEGF-C protein is a dimeric glycoprotein, as a ligand for two receptors, VEGFR-3 (Flt4), and VEGFR-2. VEGF-C may function in angiogenesis of the venous and lymphatic vascular systems during embryogenesis. VEGF-C protein is over-expressed in various human cancers including breast cancer and prostate cancer. VEGF-C/VEGFR-3 axis, through different signaling pathways, plays a critical role in cancer progression by regulating different cellular functions, such as invasion, proliferation, and resistance to chemotherapy. Thus, targeting the VEGF-C/VEGFR-3 axis may be therapeutically significant for certain types of tumors.

**References**

1.Joukov V, *et al.* (1997) Vascular endothelial growth factors VEGF-B and VEGF-C. J Cell Physiol. 173(2): 211-5. 2.Su JL, *et al.* (2007) The role of the VEGF-C/VEGFR-3 axis in cancer progression. Br J Cancer. 96(4): 541-5. 3.Anisimov A, *et al.* (2009) Activated forms of VEGF-C and VEGF-D provide improved vascular function in skeletal muscle. Circ Res. 104(11): 1302-12.