Rat ALK-1 / ACVRL1 Protein (His & Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: 10596-R03H



General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

ACVRL1

Protein Construction:

A synthetic DNA sequence encoding the rat ACVRL1 (NP_071886.1) extracellular domain (Met 1-Ala 118) was fused with the C-terminal polyhistidine-tagged Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus.

Source: Rat

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Bio Activity:

Measured by its ability to inhibit BMP9-induced alkaline phosphatase production by MC3T3E1 mouse chondrogenic cells. David, L. et al. (2007) Blood 109:1953. The ED $_{50}$ for this effect is typically 40-200 ng/mL in the presence of 2 ng/mL of recombiant human BMP9.

Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

Predicted N terminal: Asp 17

Molecular Mass:

The secreted recombinant rat ACVRL1/Fc is a disulfide-linked homodimer after removal of the signal peptide. The reduced monomer comprises 343 amino acids with a predicted molecular mass of 38.7 kDa. As a result of glycosylation, it migrates as an approximately 50-55 kDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Storage:

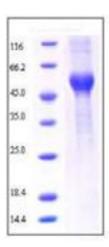
Store it under sterile conditions at -20° C to -80° C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

Activin A receptor, type II-like 1 (ACVRL1), also known as ALK-1 (activin receptor-like kinase 1), is an endothelial-specific type I receptor of the TGF-beta (transforming growth factor beta) receptor family of ligands. On ligand binding, a heteromeric receptor complex forms consisting of two type II and two type I transmembrane serine/threonine kinases. ACVRL1 protein is expressed in certain blood vessels of kidney, spleen, heart and intestine, serving as an important role during vascular development. Mutations in ACVRL1 gene are associated with hemorrhagic telangiectasia type 2, also known as Rendu-Osler-Weber syndrome 2 and vascular disease.

References

1.French Rendu-Osler network, et al. (2004) Molecular screening of ALK1/ACVRL1 and ENG genes in hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia in France. Hum Mutat. 23(4): 289-299. 2.Simon M, et al. (2006) Association of a polymorphism of the ACVRL1 gene with sporadic arteriovenous malformations of the central nervous system. J Neurosurg. 104(6): 945-9. 3.Argyriou L, et al. (2006) Novel mutations in the ENG and ACVRL1 genes causing hereditary hemorrhagic teleangiectasia. Int J Mol Med. 17(4):655-9.

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