Human CD122 / IL-2RB Protein

Catalog Number: 10696-HCCH



General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

CD122; IL15RB; P70-75

Protein Construction:

The mature form of human IL2 R β (NP_000869.1) extracellular domain (Met 1-Asp 239) with five amino acids (DDDDK) at the C-terminus was expressed and purified.

Source: Human

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Bio Activity:

1. Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized human IL2Rb at 10 μ g/ml (100 μ l/well) can bind biotinylated human IL2 (Cat:11848-HNAE), The EC₅₀ of biotinylated human IL2 (Cat:11848-HNAE) is 0.1-0.24 μ g/mL. 2. Measured by its ability to inhibit IL15-dependent proliferation of MO7e human megakaryocytic leukemic cells in the presence of 4.0 ng/mL of recombinant human IL-15. The ED₅₀ for this effect is 1-4 μ g/mL.

Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt $\,$ at -70 $\,$ $^{\circ}$ C

Predicted N terminal: Ala 27

Molecular Mass:

The mature recombinant human IL2 R β consists of 219 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 25.2 kDa. As a result of glycosylation, the rh IL2 R β migrates as an approximately 40 kDa protein in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile 100mM NaCl, 50mM Tris, pH 7.5

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Storage:

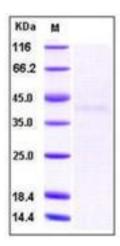
Store it under sterile conditions at -20° C to -80° C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

Interleukin-2 receptor (IL-2R) also known as High affinity IL-2 receptor subunit beta, IL-2 receptor subunit beta, and IL-2RB, is involved in T cellmediated immune responses. CD122/IL-2RB is present in 3 forms with respect to ability to bind interleukin 2. The low affinity form is a monomer of the alpha subunit and is not involved in signal transduction. The intermediate affinity form consists of an alpha/beta subunit heterodimer, while the high affinity form consists of an alpha/beta/gamma subunit heterotrimer. Both the intermediate and high affinity forms of CD122/IL-2RB are involved in receptor-mediated endocytosis and transduction of mitogenic signals from interleukin 2. CD122/IL-2RB expression was restricted to the earliest B220+ cells (CD43+CD24-; prepro B cells; fraction A) that proliferate vigorously to IL-2 in the absence of any stromal cells, but not to IL-15. The high-affinity form of this receptor is expressed on activated T lymphocytes, activated B lymphocytes, and activated macrophages. CD122/IL-2RB plays a role in regulating normal lymphocyte development.

References

1.Foss F. (2006) Clinical experience with denileukin diftitox (ONTAK). Semin Oncol. 33(1 Suppl 3): 11-6. 2.Sprent J, et al. (2001) T cell death and memory. Science. 293(5528): 245-8. 3.Teshigawara K, et al. (1987) Interleukin 2 high-affinity receptor expression requires two distinct binding proteins. J Exp Med. 165 (1): 223-38.

Manufactured By Sino Biological Inc., FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS.

For US Customer: Fax: 267-657-0217 • Tel: 215-583-7898

Global Customer: Fax :+86-10-5862-8288
■ Tel:+86-400-890-9989
■ http://www.sinobiological.com