

Human CD38 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: 10818-H08H



Sino Biological
Biological Solution Specialist

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

ADPRC 1; ADPRC1; T10

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the extracellular domain of human CD38 (NP_001766.2) (Val 43-Ile 300) with a C-terminal polyhistidine tag was expressed.

Source: Human

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 97 % as determined by SDS-PAGE. ≥ 95 % as determined by SEC-HPLC.

Bio Activity:

1. Measured by its ability to convert the substrate nicotinamide guanine dinucleotide (NGD+) to cyclic GDPribose. The specific activity is > 2,500 pmoles/min/μg.

2. Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized Human CD38 His (Cat:10818-H08H) at 2 μg/ml (100 μl/well) can bind Mouse Anti-CD38 Antibody (Cat:10818-MM03), the EC50 of Mouse Anti-CD38 Antibody is 30-120 ng/mL.

3. Captured 68048-H001 (Daratumumab) on anti-human IgG Fc via CM5 Chip can bind CD38 (Cat.No.10818-H08H) with an affinity constant of 5.429 nM as determined in a SPR assay (Biacore T200)(Routinely tested).

Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Predicted N terminal: Val 43

Molecular Mass:

The secreted recombinant human CD38 comprises 269 amino acids with a predicted molecular mass of 31.3 kDa. As a result of glycosylation, rhCD38 migrates as an approximately 43-45 kDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Stability & Storage:

Samples are stable for twelve months from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C.

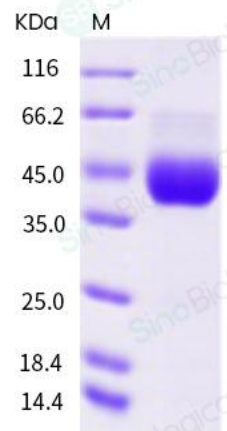
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

The cluster of differentiation (CD) system is commonly used as cell markers in Immunophenotyping. Different kinds of cells in the immune system can be identified through the surface CD molecules associating with the immune function of the cell. There are more than 320 CD unique clusters and subclusters have been identified. Some of the CD molecules serve as receptors or ligands important to the cell through initiating a signal cascade which then alter the behavior of the cell. Some CD proteins do not take part in cell signal process but have other functions such as cell adhesion. Cluster of differentiation 38 (CD38), also known as ADP-ribosyl cyclase, is a glycoprotein found on the surface of many immune cells (white blood cells), including CD4+, CD8+, B and natural killer cells. It shares several characteristics with ADP-ribosyl cyclase 2 CD157. CD38 is a multifunctional ectoenzyme that catalyzes the synthesis and hydrolysis of cyclic ADP-ribose (cADPR) from NAD+ to ADP-ribose. It also functions in cell adhesion, signal transduction and calcium signaling. CD38 has been used as a prognostic marker in leukemia. It can also be used to identify plasma cells.

References

1. Zola H, *et al.* (2007) CD molecules 2006-human cell differentiation molecules. J Immunol Methods. 318 (1-2): 1-5.
2. Ho IC, *et al.* (2009) GATA3 and the T-cell lineage: essential functions before and after T-helper-2-cell differentiation. Nat Rev Immunol. 9 (2): 125-35.
3. Matesanz-Isabel J, *et al.* (2011) New B-cell CD molecules. Immunology Letters. 134 (2): 104-12.