

Human S100A11 / S100C Protein



Sino Biological
Biological Solution Specialist

Catalog Number: 11140-HNAE

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

HEL-S-43; MLN70; S100C

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the native human S100A11 (NP_005611.1) (Met 1-Thr 105) was expressed.

Source: Human

Expression Host: E. coli

QC Testing

Purity: > 97 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin:

Please contact us for more information.

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

Predicted N terminal: Met

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant human S100A11 consisting of 105 amino acids and migrates with an apparent molecular mass of 24 & 12 kDa corresponding to dimeric and monomeric form as estimated in SDS-PAGE under non-reduced condition.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Storage:

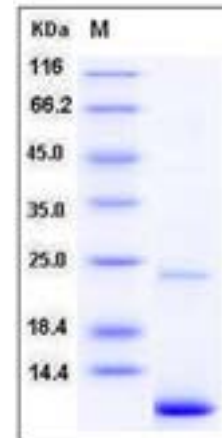
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

Protein S100-A11, also known as S100 calcium-binding protein A11, S100A11 and MLN70, is a member of the S-100 family. S100A11 is widely expressed in multiple tissues, and is located in cytoplasm, nucleus, and even cell periphery. S100A11 exists as a non-covalent homodimer with an antiparallel conformation. Ca(2+) binding to S100A11 would trigger conformational changes which would expose the hydrophobic cleft of S100A11 and facilitate its interaction with target proteins. As a dual cell growth mediator, S100A11 acts as either a tumor suppressor or promoter in many different types of tumors and would play respective roles in influencing the proliferation of the cancer cells. In the nucleus, S100A11 suppresses the growth of keratinocytes through p21 (CIP1/WAF1) activation and induces cell differentiation. S100A11 is also a novel diagnostic marker in breast carcinoma.

References

1. Miyasaka K. et al., 1993, J Dent Res. 72: 517-23. 2. Ohuchida K. et al., 2006, Clin Cancer Res 12 (18): 5417-22. 3. Kouno T. et al., 2008, J Pept Sci. 14 (10): 1129-38.

Manufactured By Sino Biological Inc., FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS.

For US Customer: Fax: 267-657-0217 • Tel: 215-583-7898

Global Customer: Fax :+86-10-5862-8288 • Tel:+86-400-890-9989 • <http://www.sinobiological.com>