Human B7-H3 Protein (His & AVI Tag), Biotinylated

Catalog Number: 11188-H27H-B



General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

4lg-B7-H3; B7-H3; B7H3; B7RP-2

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the human CD276 (Q5ZPR3) (Met1-Thr461) was expressed with a c-terminal polyhistidine tagged AVI tag at the C-terminus. The expressed protein was biotinylated in vivo by the Biotin-Protein ligase (BirA enzyme) which is co-expressed.

Source: Human

Expression Host: Human Cells

QC Testing

Biotin/Protein Ratio:

0.5-1 as determined by the HABA assay.

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per µg protein as determined by the LAL method.

Predicted N terminal: Leu 29

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant human CD276 consists of 459 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 49.8 kDa.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Stability & Storage:

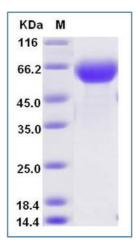
Store it under sterile conditions at -20° C to -80° C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

B7-H3 is a member of the B7 family of immune regulatory ligands that is thought to attenuate peripheral immune responses through coinhibition. It plays an important role in adaptive immune responses, and was shown to either promote or inhibit T-cell responses in various experimental systems. B7-H3 may play an important role in muscleimmune interactions, providing further evidence of the active role of muscle cells in local immunoregulatory processes. B7-H3 is a novel protein structurally related to the B7 family of ligands by the presence of a single set of immunoglobulin-V-like and immunoglobulin-C-like (VC) domains. Previous studies have correlated its overexpression with poor prognosis and decreased tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes in various carcinomas including uterine endometrioid carcinomas, and mounting evidence supports an immuno-inhibitory role in ovarian cancer prognosis. Recently, B7-H3 expression has been reported in several human cancers indicating an additional function of B7-H3 as a regulator of antitumor immunity.

References

1.Suh WK, et al. (2004) The immune regulatory protein B7-H3 promotes osteoblast differentiation and bone mineralization. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 101(35): 12969-73. 2.Waschbisch A, et al. (2008) Human muscle cells express the costimulatory molecule B7-H3, which modulates muscle-immune interactions. Arthritis Rheum. 58(11): 3600-8. 3.Loos M, et al. (2010) B7-h3 and its role in antitumor immunity. Clin Dev Immunol. 2010: 683875.