

Human RANKL / OPGL / TNFSF11 / CD254 Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: 11682-H15H



Sino Biological
Biological Solution Specialist

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

CD254; hRANKL2; ODF; OPGL; OPTB2; RANKL; sOdf; TRANCE

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the human TNFSF11 (O14788-2) (Gly 63-Asp 244) was expressed with the Fc region of rabbit IgG at the N-terminus.

Source: Human

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 85 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Bio Activity:

1. Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized Human Osteoprotegerin His(Cat:10271-H08H) at 2 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind Human RANKL rFc(Cat:11682-H15H), the EC₅₀ of Human RANKL rFc is 3.0-15.0 ng/mL. 2. The bioactivity of hRANKL was determined by measuring the ability of hRANKL to induce TRAP activity in Raw 264.7 cells. The ED₅₀ for this effect is 1.5-7.5ng/mL.

Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Predicted N terminal: Ser

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant human TNFSF11 comprises 431 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 47.9 kDa. The apparent molecular mass of the protein is approximately 56 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions due to glycosylation.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Stability & Storage:

Samples are stable for twelve months from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C.

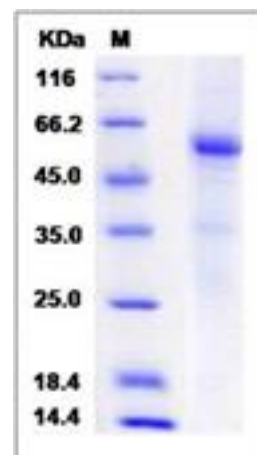
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 11, also known as Receptor activator of nuclear factor kappa-B ligand, Osteoprotegerin ligand, TNFSF11, RANKL, TRANCE, OPGL and CD254, is a single-pass type II membrane protein that belongs to the tumor necrosis factor family. The receptor activator of nuclear factor-kappaB ligand (RANKL), its cognate receptor RANK, and its natural decoy receptor osteoprotegerin have been identified as the final effector molecules of osteoclastic bone resorption. RANK and RANKL are key regulators of bone remodeling and regulate T cell/dendritic cell communications, and lymph node formation. Moreover, RANKL and RANK are expressed in mammary gland epithelial cells and control the development of a lactating mammary gland during pregnancy. Genetically, RANKL and RANK are essential for the development and activation of osteoclasts and bone loss in response to virtually all triggers tested. Inhibition of RANKL function via the natural decoy receptor osteoprotegerin (OPG, TNFRSF11B) prevents bone loss in postmenopausal osteoporosis and cancer metastases. Importantly, RANKL appears to be the pathogenetic principle that causes bone and cartilage destruction in arthritis. RANK-RANKL signaling not only activates a variety of downstream signaling pathways required for osteoclast development, but crosstalk with other signaling pathways also fine-tunes bone homeostasis both in normal physiology and disease. In addition, RANKL and RANK have essential roles in lymph node formation, establishment of the thymic microenvironment, and development of a lactating mammary gland during pregnancy.

References

1. Takayanagi H, *et al.* (2002) Signaling crosstalk between RANKL and interferons in osteoclast differentiation. *Arthritis Res.* 4 Suppl 3: S227-32.
2. Nakashima T, *et al.* (2003) RANKL and RANK as novel therapeutic targets for arthritis. *Curr Opin Rheumatol.* 15(3): 280-7.
3. Schwarz EM, *et al.* (2007) Clinical development of anti-RANKL therapy. *Arthritis Res Ther.* 9 Suppl 1: S7.

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