# **Human EphA2 Protein (His Tag)**

Catalog Number: 13926-H08H



# **General Information**

## Gene Name Synonym:

ARCC2; CTPA; CTPP1; CTRCT6; ECK

#### **Protein Construction:**

A DNA sequence encoding the human EPHA2 (P29317) (Met1-Asn534) was expressed with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

Source: Human

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

**QC** Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

## **Bio Activity:**

Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized human EPHA2-His at 10  $\mu$ g/ml (100  $\mu$ l/well) can bind human EFNA1-Fch (Cat:10882-H03H), The EC<sub>50</sub> of human EFNA1-Fch (Cat:10882-H03H) is 0.1-0.2  $\mu$ g/ml.

#### **Endotoxin:**

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

### Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt  $% \left( 1\right) =1$  at -70  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 

Predicted N terminal: Ala 24

#### **Molecular Mass:**

The recombinant human EPHA2 consists of 522 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 57.6 KDa. It migrates as an approximately 65-75 KDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

## Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl,?pH 7.5.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

# **Usage Guide**

## Storage:

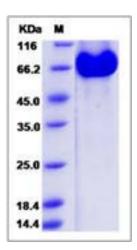
Store it under sterile conditions at  $-20^{\circ}$ C to  $-80^{\circ}$ C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

#### SDS-PAGE:



# **Protein Description**

Eph receptor A2 (Ephrin type-A receptor 2 or EphA2) is a member of the ephrin receptor subfamily of the protein-tyrosine kinase family. The Eph receptors' corresponding family of ligands are the ephrins anchored to cell surfaces. The ephrins and Eph receptors are implicated as positional labels that may guide the development of neural topographic maps. They have also been found implicated in embryonic patterning, neuronal targeting, vascular development and adult neovascularization. The large family of ligands and receptors may make a major contribution to the accurate spatial patterning of connections and cell position in the nervous system. Furthermore, elevated expression of Eph receptors and ephrin ligands is associated with tumors and associated tumor vasculature, suggesting the Eph receptors and ephrin ligands also play critical roles in tumor angiogenesis and tumor growth. Unlike most Eph kinases, which are primarily expressed during development, EphA2 is primarily found in adult human epithelial cells. The cellular functions of EphA2 may be regulating cell growth, survival, migration, and angiogenesis. Unlike other receptor tyrosine kinases, ligand binding is not necessary for EphA2. Rather, the ligand appears to regulate EphA2 subcellular localization and its interactions with downstream adapter and signaling proteins. Eph receptor A2(EphA2) has been demonstrated to critically regulate tumor cell growth, migration and invasiveness. Eph receptor A2(EphA2) is frequently overexpressed and functionally altered in aggressive tumor cells, and that these changes promote metastatic character.

## References

1.Flanagan JG, *et al.* (1998) The ephrins and Eph receptors in neural development. Annu Rev Neurosci. 21: 309-45. 2.Cheng N, *et al.* (2002) The ephrins and Eph receptors in angiogenesis. Cytokine Growth Factor Rev. 13(1): 75-85. 3.Pratt RL, *et al.* (2002) Activation of the EphA2 tyrosine kinase stimulates the MAP/ERK kinase signaling cascade. Oncogene. 21(50): 7690-9.

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