

Mouse B7-H4 / B7S1 / B7x Protein (Fc Tag)



Sino Biological
Biological Solution Specialist

Catalog Number: 50017-M02H

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

B7h4; B7s1; B7x; BC032925

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the mature form of mouse B7H4 (Q7TSP5) (phe 29-Ser 256) was fused with the Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus.

Source: Mouse

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

Predicted N terminal: phe 29

Molecular Mass:

The secreted recombinant mouse B7H4/Fc is a disulfide-linked homodimer. The reduced monomer comprises 469 amino acids and has a calculated molecular mass of 52.2 kDa. The apparent molecular mass of rmB7H4/Fc monomer is approximately 70-75 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions due to glycosylation.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Storage:

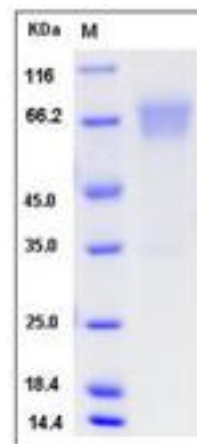
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

V-set domain-containing T-cell activation inhibitor 1, also known as B7X, B7H4, B7S1, and VTCN1, is a single-pass type? membrane protein belonging to the B7 family of costimulatory proteins. These proteins are expressed on the surface of antigen-presenting cells and interact with ligands on T lymphocytes. They provide costimulatory signals that regulate T cell responses. A soluble form of B7H4 has also been detected. B7X / VTCN1 / B7H4 negatively regulates T-cell-mediated immune response by inhibiting T-cell activation, proliferation, cytokine production and development of cytotoxicity. When expressed on the cell surface of tumor macrophages, B7X / VTCN1 / B7H4 plays an important role, together with regulatory T-cells(Treg), in the suppression of tumor-associated antigen-specific T-cell immunity. B7X / VTCN1 / B7H4 is also involved in promoting epithelial cell transformation. This membrane protein can be up-regulated by IL6 / interleukin-6 and IL10 / interleukin-10 and inhibited by CSF2 / GM-CSF and IL4 / interleukin-4 on antigen-presenting cells.

References

- 1.Zang X, *et al.* (2003) B7x: a widely expressed B7 family member that inhibits T cell activation. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A.* 100(18): 10388-92.
- 2.Suh WK, *et al.* (2006) Generation and characterization of B7-H4/B7S1/B7x-deficient mice. *Mol Cell Biol.* 26(17): 6403-11.
- 3.Zang X, *et al.* (2007) B7-H3 and B7x are highly expressed in human prostate cancer and associated with disease spread and poor outcome. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A.* 104(49):19458-63.

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