Mouse TNFRSF17 / BCMA Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: 50076-M01H



General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

BCM; BCMA; Tnfrsf13; Tnfrsf13a

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the extracellular domain (Met 1-Thr 49) of mouse BCMA (NP_035738.1) precursor was fused with the Fc region of human IgG1 at the N-terminus.

Source: Mouse

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin:

 $< 1.0 \; \text{EU}$ per μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt $\,$ at -70 $\,$ $^{\circ}$ C

Predicted N terminal: Glu 20

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant mouse BCMA/Fc is a disulfide-linked homodimer The reduced monomer consists of 307 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 33.8 kDa. In SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, the apparent molecular mass of rm BCMA/Fc monomer is approximately 40 kDa due to glycosylation.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Storage:

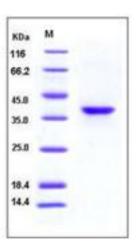
Store it under sterile conditions at $-20\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ to $-80\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 17 (TNFRSF17), also known as B cell maturation antigen (BCMA) or CD269 antigen, is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. This receptor is preferentially expressed in mature B lymphocytes, and may be important for B cell development and autoimmune response. This receptor has been shown to specifically bind to the tumor necrosis factor (ligand) superfamily, member 13b (TNFSF13BBAFF), and to lead to NF-kappaB and MAPK8/JNK activation. TNFRSF17/BCMA/CD269 also binds to various TRAF family members, and thus may transduce signals for cell survival and proliferation. TNFRSF17/BCMA/CD269 is a receptor for TALL-1 and BCMA activates NF-kappaB through a TRAF5-, TRAF6-, NIK-, and IKK-dependent pathway. The identification of TNFRSF17 as a NF-kappaB-activating receptor for TALL-1 suggests molecular targets for drug development against certain immunodeficient or autoimmune diseases. TNFRSF17/BCMA is a target of donor B-cell immunity in patients with myeloma who respond to DLI. Antibody responses to cell-surface BCMA may contribute directly to tumor rejection in vivo.

References

1.Novak AJ, et al. (2004) Expression of BCMA, TACI, and BAFF-R in multiple myeloma: a mechanism for growth and survival. Blood. 103 (2): 689–94. 2.O'Connor BP, et al. (2004) BCMA is essential for the survival of long-lived bone marrow plasma cells. J Exp Med. 199(1): 91-8. 3.Moser K, et al. (2006) Stromal niches, plasma cell differentiation and survival. Curr Opin Immunol. 18(3): 265-70.

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