

Mouse IL-1 beta / IL1B Protein

Catalog Number: 50101-MNAE



Sino Biological
Biological Solution Specialist

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

IL-1b; IL-1beta

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the mature form of mouse IL1 β (P10749) (Val 118-Ser 269) was expressed, with an initial Met at the C-terminus.

Source: Mouse

Expression Host: E. coli

QC Testing

Purity: > 97 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Bio Activity:

1. Measured by its ability to induce Interferon gamma secretion by human natural killer lymphoma NK-92 cells. The ED₅₀ for this effect is typically 6-30 ng/mL. 2. Measured by its ability to bind human IL1R1 in a functional ELISA. 3. Measured by its ability to bind mouse IL1R1 in a functional ELISA.

Endotoxin:

Please contact us for more information.

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

Predicted N terminal: Met

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant mouse IL1 β consists of 153 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 17.5 kDa. It migrates as an approximately 19 kDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions as predicted.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Storage:

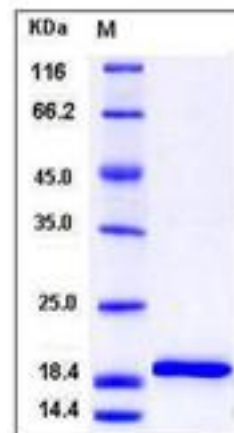
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

Interleukin-1 beta (IL1 beta or IL1B) also known as catabolin, is a member of the interleukin 1 cytokine family. IL1 is a pleiotropic cytokine. It is involved in the inflammatory response, cell growth, and tissue repair in the cortex. The IL1 superfamily consists of three members, IL1A (IL1 alpha), IL1B (IL1 beta), and IL1 receptor antagonist (IL1Ra). In clinical, it has been reported that Interleukin (IL)-1 may influence Th1 / Th2 immune responsiveness and has been implicated in the establishment of successful pregnancy. Proinflammatory interleukin (IL)-1 gene polymorphisms associated with high levels of IL-1beta activity increase the risk for hypochlorhydria and distal gastric carcinoma. IL1B polymorphisms may be involved in susceptibility to SSc. Moreover, the IL2-384-G allele may be a marker for the limited phenotype of systemic sclerosis (SSc).

References

1.Kim SH, *et al.* (2008) Association of -31TC and -511 CT polymorphisms in the interleukin 1 beta (IL1B) promoter in Korean keratoconus patients. *Mol Vis.* 14:2109-16. 2.Wang ZC, *et al.* (2002) T helper 1-type immunity to trophoblast antigens in women with a history of recurrent pregnancy loss is associated with polymorphism of the IL1B promoter region. *Genes Immun.* 3(1): 38-42. 3.Mattuzzi S, *et al.* (2007) Association of polymorphisms in the IL1B and IL2 genes with susceptibility and severity of systemic sclerosis. *J Rheumatol.* 34(5): 997-1004.

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