

# Mouse VEGFA / VEGF164 Protein



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Catalog Number: 50159-MNAB

## General Information

### Gene Name Synonym:

Vegf; Vpf

### Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the mouse VEGF164 (isoform VEGF-1) (Q00731-2) (Met 1-Arg 190) was expressed and purified.

**Source:** Mouse

**Expression Host:** Baculovirus-Insect Cells

## QC Testing

**Purity:** > 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

### Bio Activity:

**Measured in a cell proliferation assay using human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVEC). The  $ED_{50}$  for this effect is typically 5-22 ng/mL.**

### Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per  $\mu$ g of the protein as determined by the LAL method

**Predicted N terminal:** Ala 27

### Molecular Mass:

The recombinant mouse VEGF164 consists of 164 amino acids and has a calculated molecular mass of 19.4 kDa. It migrates as an 24 kDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

### Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile 100mM Glycine, 10mM NaCl, pH7.0

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

## Usage Guide

### Stability & Storage:

Samples are stable for twelve months from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C.

Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

**Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

### Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

## SDS-PAGE:



## Protein Description

Vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), also known as vascular permeability factor (VPF) and VEGF-A, is a potent mediator of both angiogenesis and vasculogenesis in the fetus and adult. It is a member of the platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF)/vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) family and often exists as a disulfide-linked homodimer. VEGF-A protein is a glycosylated mitogen that specifically acts on endothelial cells and has various effects, including mediating increased vascular permeability, inducing angiogenesis, vasculogenesis and endothelial cell growth, promoting cell migration, inhibiting apoptosis and tumor growth. VEGF-A protein is also a vasodilator that increases microvascular permeability, thus it was originally referred to as vascular permeability factor.

## References

1. Woolard J. *et al.* (2004) VEGF165b, an inhibitory vascular endothelial growth factor splice variant: mechanism of action, in vivo effect on angiogenesis and endogenous protein expression. *Cancer Res.* 64(21): 7822-7835.
2. Jia SF, *et al.* (2008) VEGF165 is necessary to the metastatic potential of Fas(-) osteosarcoma cells but will not rescue the Fas(+) cells. *J Exp Ther Oncol.* 7(2): 89-97.
3. Cimpean AM, *et al.* (2008) Vascular endothelial growth factor A (VEGF A) as individual prognostic factor in invasive breast carcinoma. *Rom J Morphol Embryol.* 49(3): 303-8.