

Mouse ICOS Ligand / B7-H2 / ICOSLG Protein (His & Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: 50190-M03H



Sino Biological
Biological Solution Specialist

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

B7-H2; B7h; B7RP-1; GL50; GL50; GL50-B; ICOS-L; Icoslg; LICOS

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the mouse B7-H2 (NP_056605.1) extracellular domain (Met 1-Lys 279) was fused with the C-terminal polyhistidine-tagged Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus.

Source: Mouse

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Bio Activity:

Immobilized Recombinant Mouse ICOS / AILIM / CD278 Protein (Fc Tag)(Cat:50466-M02H) at 2 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind Recombinant Mouse ICOS Ligand / B7-H2 / ICOSLG Protein (His & Fc Tag)(Cat:50190-M03H). The EC₅₀ is 25-80 ng/mL.

Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Predicted N terminal: Glu 47

Molecular Mass:

The secreted recombinant mouse B7-H2/Fc is a disulfide-linked homodimer after removal of the signal peptide. The reduced monomer comprises 481 amino acids with a predicted molecular mass of 54.3 kDa. As a result of glycosylation, it migrates as an approximately 75-85 kDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Stability & Storage:

Samples are stable for twelve months from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C.

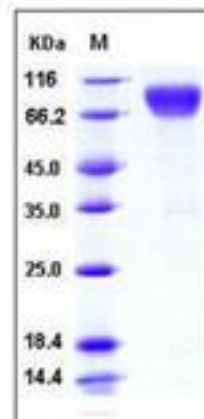
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

Inducible co-stimulator ligand (ICOSL), also known as B7-H2, is a member of the B7 family of co-stimulatory molecules related to B7-1 and B7-2. It is a transmembrane glycoprotein with extracellular IgV and IgC domains and binds to ICOS on activated T cells, thus delivers a positive costimulatory signal for optimal T cell function. The structural features of ICOSL are crucial for its costimulatory function. The present study shows that ICOSL displays a marked oligomerization potential, resembling more like B7-1 than B7-2. B7-H2-dependent signaling may play an active role in a proliferative response rather than in cytokine and chemokine production. The CD28/B7 and ICOS/B7-H2 pathways are both critical for costimulating T cell immune responses. Deficiency in either pathway results in defective T cell activation, cytokine production, and germinal center formation.

References

1. Flesch IE. (2002) Inducible costimulator-ligand (ICOS-L). *J Biol Regul Homeost Agents*. 16(3): 217-9.
2. Kajiura K, *et al.* (2009) Expression and function of the inducible costimulator ligand B7-H2 in human airway smooth muscle cells. *Allergol Int*. 58(4): 573-83.
3. Wong SC, *et al.* (2009) Functional hierarchy and relative contribution of the CD28/B7 and ICOS/B7-H2 costimulatory pathways to T cell-mediated delayed-type hypersensitivity. *Cell Immunol*. 256(1-2): 64-71.

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Tel: +86-400-890-9989 (Global), +1-215-583-7898 (USA), +49(0)6196 9678656 (Europe)

Website: <http://www.sinobiological.com>