

Mouse S100A8 / CAGA Protein (His Tag)



Sino Biological
Biological Solution Specialist

Catalog Number: 50228-M07E

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

60B8Ag; AI323541; B8Ag; Caga; CFAg; CP-10; MRP8; p8

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the mouse S100a8 (P27005) (Pro2-Glu89) was expressed, with a polyhistidine tag at the N-terminus.

Source: Mouse

Expression Host: E. coli

QC Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin:

Please contact us for more information.

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

Predicted N terminal: His

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant mouse S100a8 consists of 104 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 12.3 KDa. It migrates as an approximately 12 KDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile 50mM Tris, 100mM NaCl, 20% Glycerol, pH 8.0.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Storage:

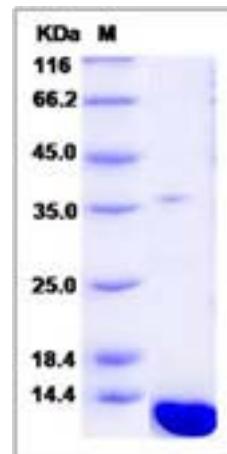
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

S100A8 is a member of the S100 protein family containing 2EF-hand calcium-binding motifs. S100 proteins are involved in the regulation of a number of cellular processes such as cell cycle progression and differentiation. Altered expression of S100A8 protein is associated with various diseases and cancers. S100A8 may have an immunoregulatory role by contributing to the regulation of fetal-maternal interactions. It may play a protective role and its absence may allow infiltration by maternal cells, a process eventually manifesting as resorption. The heterodimeric S100 protein complex S100A8/A9 which has been shown to be involved in inflammatory and neoplastic disorders. The complex can induce cell proliferation, or apoptosis, inflammation, collagen synthesis, and cell migration. S100A8/A9 has emerged as important pro-inflammatory mediator in acute and chronic inflammation. More recently, increased S100A8 and S100A9 levels were also detected in various human cancers, presenting abundant expression in neoplastic tumor cells as well as infiltrating immune cells. On the one hand, S100A8/A9 is a powerful apoptotic agent produced by immune cells, making it a very fascinating tool in the battle against cancer. It spears the risk to induce auto-immune response and may serve as a lead compound for cancer-selective therapeutics. In contrast, S100A8/A9 expression in cancer cells has also been associated with tumor development, cancer invasion or metastasis. Altogether, its expression and potential cytokine-like function in inflammation and in cancer suggests that S100A8/A9 may play a key role in inflammation-associated cancer.

References

- 1.Passey RJ, et al. (1999) S100A8: emerging functions and regulation. J Leukoc Biol. 66(4): 549-56.
- 2.Gebhardt C, et al. (2006) S100A8 and S100A9 in inflammation and cancer. Biochem Pharmacol. 72(11): 1622-31.
- 3.Halayko AJ, et al. (2009) S100A8/A9: a mediator of severe asthma pathogenesis and morbidity? Can J Physiol Pharmacol. 87(10): 743-55.

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