

# Mouse Leukotriene A4 Hydrolase / LTA4H Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: 50268-M08B



Sino Biological  
Biological Solution Specialist

## General Information

### Gene Name Synonym:

Lta4h

### Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the mouse LTA4H (NP\_032543.2) (Met 1-Asp 611) was expressed, with a C-terminal polyhistidine tag.

**Source:** Mouse

**Expression Host:** Baculovirus-Insect Cells

## QC Testing

**Purity:** > 92 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

### Bio Activity:

Measured by its ability to cleave the fluorogenic peptide substrate, Arg-7-amido-4-methylcoumarin (R-AMC). The specific activity is >15 pmoles/min/μg.

### Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

### Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

**Predicted N terminal:** Met 1

### Molecular Mass:

The recombinant mouse LTA4H consists of 621 amino acids and has a calculated molecular mass of 70.4 kDa. It migrates as an approximately 62 kDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

### Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile 50mM Tris, 100mM NaCl, pH 8.0

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

## Usage Guide

### Storage:

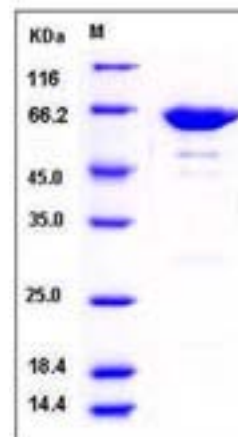
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

### Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

## SDS-PAGE:



## Protein Description

Leukotriene A-4 hydrolase, also known as LTA-4 hydrolase, Leukotriene A (4) hydrolase, LTA4H and LTA4, is cytoplasm protein which belongs to the peptidase M1 family. LTA4H hydrolyzes an epoxide moiety of leukotriene A4 (LTA-4) to form leukotriene B4 (LTB-4). This enzyme also has some peptidase activity. The leukotrienes (LTs) are a class of structurally related lipid mediators involved in the development and maintenance of inflammatory and allergic reactions. In the biosynthesis of LTs, arachidonic acid was converted into the unstable intermediate epoxide LTA4, which may in turn be conjugated with glutathione to form the spasmogenic LTC4, or hydrolyzed into the proinflammatory lipid mediator LTB4 in a reaction catalyzed by Leukotriene A4 hydrolase (LTA4H). LTB4 is a classical chemoattractant of human neutrophils and triggers adherence and aggregation of leukocytes to vascular endothelium, and also modulates immune responses. As a bifunctional zinc metalloenzyme, LTA4H also exhibits an anion-dependant arginyl aminopeptidase activity of high efficiency and specificity in addition to its epoxide hydrolase activity. LTA4H is regarded as a therapeutic target for inflammation.

## References

1. Mancini, JA. et al., 1995, Eur. J. Biochem. 231: 65-71. 2. Orning, L. et al., 1994, J. Biol. Chem. 269: 11269-73. 3. Rudberg, PC. et al., 2004, J. Biol. Chem. 279: 27376-82.

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