Mouse IL17RA / IL17R / CD217 Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: 50328-M02H

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

AW538159; Cdw217; Il17r; VDw217

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the mouse IL17RA (Q60943)(Met1-Trp322) was expressed with the Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus.

Source: Mouse

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE. ≥ 95 % as determined by SEC-HPLC.

Bio Activity:

Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA.
Immobilized mouse IL17A (Cat:51065-MNAE) at 10 μg/ml (100 μl/well) can bind mouse IL17RA-Fc (cat: 50328-M02H), The EC_{50} of mouse IL17RA-Fc (cat: 50328-M02H) is 0.28-0.64 μg/ml.

Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Predicted N terminal: Ser 32

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant mouse IL17RA/Fc is a disulfide-linked homodimer. The reduced monomer comprises 532 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 60.3 kDa. The apparent molecular mass of the protein is approximately 67-77 and 118 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions due to glycosylation.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Stability & Storage:
Samples are stable for twelve months from date of receipt at -20℃ to -80℃.

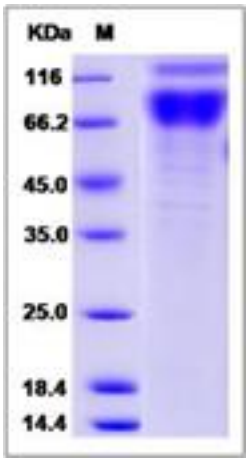
Store it under sterile conditions at -20℃ to -80℃ upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

Interleukin-17 receptor (IL-17R), also known as Interleukin-17 receptor A (IL-17RA) and CD217 antigen (CD217), is a cytokine receptor which binds interleukin 17. IL-17R/IL-17RA (CD217) is a proinflammatory cytokine secreted by activated T-lymphocytes. It is a potent inducer of the maturation of CD34-positive hematopoietic precursors into neutrophils. IL-17R/IL-17RA (CD217) is a ubiquitous type I membrane glycoprotein that binds with low affinity to interleukin 17A. Interleukin 17A and its receptor IL-17RA play a pathogenic role in many inflammatory and autoimmune diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis. Like other cytokine receptors, this receptor likely has a multimeric structure. Defects in IL-17R/IL-17RA (CD217) are the cause of familial candidiasis type 5 (CANDF5). CANDF5 is a rare disorder with altered immune responses and impaired clearance of fungal infections, selective against Candida. It is characterized by persistent and/or recurrent infections of the skin, nails and mucous membranes caused by organisms of the genus Candida, mainly Candida albicans.

References

1.Gaffen SL. (2009) Structure and signalling in the IL-17 receptor family. Nat Rev Immunol. 9 (8): 556-67.
2.Johansen C, et al.. (2009) Characterization of the interleukin-17 isoforms and receptors in lesional psoriatic skin. Br J Dermatol. 160 (2): 319-24.
3.Yao Z, et al.. (1997) Molecular characterization of the human interleukin (IL)-17 receptor. Cytokine 9 (11): 794-800.