Mouse CCDC47 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: **52105-M08H**

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

2610204L23Rik; asp4; C88307; calumin

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the mouse Ccdc47 (NP_080285.2) (Met1-Ser135) was expressed with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

Source: Mouse

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per μg protein as determined by the LAL method.

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 ℃

Predicted N terminal: Lys 21

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant mouse Ccdc47 consists of 126 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 14.7 kDa.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Storage:

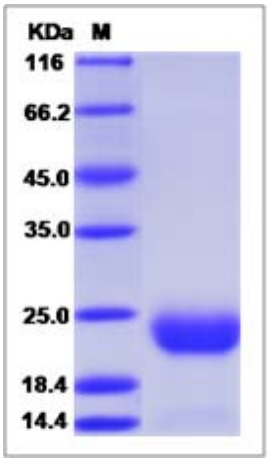
Store it under sterile conditions at -20℃ to -80℃ upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

CCDC47 gene is expressed at high level. The gene contains 16 distinct gt-ag introns. Transcription produces 9 different mRNAs, 6 alternatively spliced variants and 3 unspliced forms. There are 3 probable alternative promotors, 3 non overlapping alternative last exons and 8 validated alternative polyadenylation sites. The mRNAs appear to differ by truncation of the 5' end, truncation of the 3' end, presence or absence of a cassette exon, overlapping exons with different boundaries. Functionally, CCDC47 gene has been proposed to participate in processes such as calcium ion homeostasis, embryo development, ER overload response and post-embryonic development. CCDC47 are expected to have molecular function (calcium ion binding) and to localize in various compartments (membrane, endoplasmic reticulum, integral to membrane, microsome).