

Canine IL17 / IL17A Protein

Catalog Number: 70102-DNAE



Sino Biological
Biological Solution Specialist

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

IL17A

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the canine IL17A (NP_001159350.1)(Gly26-Ala155) was expressed with a N-terminal Met.

Source: Canine

Expression Host: E. coli

QC Testing

Purity: > 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Bio Activity:

1. Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized Canine IL17A (cat: 70102-DNAE) at 10 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind human IL17Ra (Cat:10895-H03H). The EC₅₀ of human IL17Ra (Cat:10895-H03H) is 6.0-15.0 ng/ml. 2. Measured by its ability to induce IL-6 secretion by HFF human foreskin fibroblast cells. The ED₅₀ for this effect is typically 1-5 ng/mL.

Endotoxin:

Please contact us for more information.

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

Predicted N terminal: Met

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant canine IL17A comprises 131 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 15.2 kDa. The apparent molecular mass of the protein is approximately 15 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions due to glycosylation.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Storage:

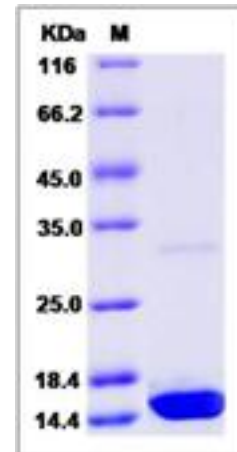
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

IL17, also known as IL17a, is a cytokine belongs to the IL-17 family. Cytokines are proteinaceous signaling compounds that are major mediators of the immune response. They control many different cellular functions including proliferation, differentiation and cell survival/apoptosis but are also involved in several pathophysiological processes including viral infections and autoimmune diseases. Cytokines are synthesized under various stimuli by a variety of cells of both the innate (monocytes, macrophages, dendritic cells) and adaptive (T- and B-cells) immune systems. The IL-17 family of cytokines includes six members, IL-17/IL-17A, IL-17B, IL-17C, IL-17D, IL-17E/IL-25, and IL-17F, which are produced by multiple cell types. IL-17 regulates the activities of NF-kappaB and mitogen-activated protein kinases. This cytokine can stimulate the expression of IL6 and cyclooxygenase-2 (PTGS2/COX-2), as well as enhance the production of nitric oxide (NO). High levels of IL-17 are associated with several chronic inflammatory diseases including rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis and multiple sclerosis.

References

1.Andoh A, *et al.* (2002) IL-17 selectively down-regulates TNF-alpha-induced RANTES gene expression in human colonic subepithelial myofibroblasts. *J Immunol.* 169(4):1683-7. 2.Kotake S, *et al.* (1999) IL-17 in synovial fluids from patients with rheumatoid arthritis is a potent stimulator of osteoclastogenesis. *J Clin Invest.* 103(9):1345-52. 3.Laan M, *et al.* (1999) Neutrophil recruitment by human IL-17 via C-X-C chemokine release in the airways. *J Immunol.* 162(4):2347-52.

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