Rat IL6 / Interleukin-6 Protein

Catalog Number: 80076-RNAE



General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

II 6

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the rat IL6 (NP_036721.1)(Phe25-Thr211) was expressed and purified with an initial Met.

Source: Rat

Expression Host: E. coli

QC Testing

Purity: > 85 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Bio Activity:

Measured in a cell proliferation assay using T1165 mouse plasmacytoma cells.

The ED₅₀ for this effect is typically 1-6 ng/ml.

Endotoxin:

Please contact us for more information.

Predicted N terminal: Met

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant rat IL6 consists of 188 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 21.9 kDa. As a result of glycosylation, the apparent molecular mass of the recombinant protein is approximately 22 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile 40% acetonitrile, 0.1% TFA

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Stability & Storage:

Samples are stable for twelve months from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C.

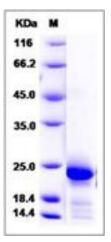
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

Interleukin-6 (IL-6) is a multifunctional α-helical cytokine that regulates cell growth and differentiation of various tissues, which is known particularly for its role in the immune response and acute phase reactions. IL-6 protein is secreted by a variety of cell types including T cells and macrophages as phosphorylated and variably glycosylated molecule. It exerts actions through the its heterodimeric receptor composed of IL-6R that lacks the tyrosine/kinase domain and binds IL-6 with low affinity, and ubiquitously expressed glycoprotein 13 (gp13) that binds the IL-6. IL-6R complex with high affinity and thus transduces signals. IL-6 is also involved in hematopoiesis, bone metabolism, and cancer progression, and has been defined an essential role in directing transition from innate to acquired immunity.

References

1.Heinrich PC. et al. (2003). Principles of interleukin-6-type cytokine signalling and its regulation. Biochem J. 374: 1-20.

2.Rose-John S, et al. (2007) The IL-6/sIL-6R complex as a novel target for therapeutic approaches. Expert Opin Ther Targets. 11(5): 613-24.

3.Dinh W, et al. (2009) Elevated plasma levels of TNF-alpha and interleukin-6 in patients with diastolic dysfunction and glucose metabolism disorders. Cardiovasc Diabetol. 8:58.