# Cynomolgus B2M / Beta-2-microglobulin Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: 90152-C08H



# **General Information**

#### Gene Name Synonym:

B<sub>2</sub>M

#### **Protein Construction:**

A DNA sequence encoding the Cynomolgus B2M (Q6V7J5) (Met 1-Met119) was expressed, fused with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

**Source:** Cynomolgus

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

**QC** Testing

Purity: > 96 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

**Endotoxin:** 

 $< 1.0 \; EU \; per \; \mu g$  of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

Predicted N terminal: lle 21

# **Molecular Mass:**

The recombinant heterodimer of Cynomolgus B2M comprises 110 amino acids and has a calculated molecular mass of 13.1 KDa. The apparent molecular mass of cyno B2M heterodimer is approximately 14 KDa respectively in SDS-PAGE.

#### Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

# **Usage Guide**

#### Storage:

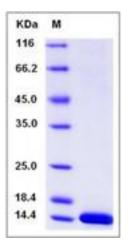
Store it under sterile conditions at  $-20\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  to  $-80\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

# Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

#### SDS-PAGE:



# **Protein Description**

B2M, also known as β2-Microglobulin or CDABP0092, is a component of MHC class I molecules found expression in all nucleated cells (excludes red blood cells). The major function of MHC class I moleculesis is to display fragments of proteins from within the cell to T-cells and cells containing foreign proteins will be attacked. B2M(β2-Microglobulin) is a low molecular weight protein. It was demonstrated that B2M(β2-Microglobulin) was localized in the membranes of nucleated cells and was found to be associated with HL-A antigens.B2M(β2- Microglobulin) is present in free form in various body fluids and as a subunit of histocompatibility antigens on cell surfaces lateral to theα3 chain. Unlikeα3, β2 has no transmembrane region. Directly above β2 lies the α1 chain, which itself is lateral to the α2. In the absence of B2M( $\beta$ 2 microglobulin), very limited amounts of MHC class I (classical and non-classical) molecules can be detected on the surface. In the absence of MHC class I, CD8 T cells, a subset of T cells involved in the development of acquired immunity cannot develop. Low levels of B2M(β2 microglobulin) can indicate non-progression of HIV.

### References

1.Poulik MD, et al. (1979) Beta 2-Microglobulin: methods and clinical applications. CRC Ctit Rev Clin Lab Sci. 10(3): 225-45. 2.Poulik MD, et al. (1975) Beta2-Microglobulins. Contemp Top Mol Immunol. 4: 157-204. 3.Berggard I. (1976) Beta2-Microglobulins: isolation, properties, and distribution. Fed Proc. 35(5): 1167-70.

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