

# Human GM-CSF / CSF2 Protein (HPLC-verified)



Sino Biological  
Biological Solution Specialist

Catalog Number: HPLC-10015-HNAH

## General Information

### Gene Name Synonym:

CSF2; GM-CSF; GMCSF

### Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding human GMCSF (NP\_000749.2) (Met1-Glu144) was expressed.

**Source:** Human

**Expression Host:** HEK293 Cells

## QC Testing

**Purity:** > 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.  
> 95 % as determined by SEC-HPLC.

### Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

**Predicted N terminal:** Ala 18

### Molecular Mass:

The recombinant human GMCSF consists of 127 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 14.5 kDa. It migrates as an approximately 23.8 kDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

### Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

## Usage Guide

### Stability & Storage:

Samples are stable for twelve months from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C.

Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

**Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

### Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

## Protein Description

Granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF) is one of an array of cytokines with pivotal roles in embryo implantation and subsequent development. Several cell lineages in the reproductive tract and gestational tissues synthesise GM-CSF under direction by ovarian steroid hormones and signalling agents originating in male seminal fluid and the conceptus. The pre-implantation embryo, invading placental trophoblast cells and the abundant populations of leukocytes controlling maternal immune tolerance are all subject to GM-CSF regulation. GM-CSF stimulates the differentiation of hematopoietic progenitors to monocytes and neutrophils, and reduces the risk for febrile neutropenia in cancer patients. GM-CSF also has been shown to induce the differentiation of myeloid dendritic cells (DCs) that promote the development of T-helper type 1 (cellular) immune responses in cognate T cells. The active form of the protein is found extracellularly as a homodimer, and the encoding gene is localized to a related gene cluster at chromosome region 5q31 which is known to be associated with 5q-syndrome and acute myelogenous leukemia. As a part of the immune/inflammatory cascade, GM-CSF promotes Th1 biased immune response, angiogenesis, allergic inflammation, and the development of autoimmunity, and thus worthy of consideration for therapeutic target. GM-CSF has been utilized in the clinical management of multiple disease processes. Most recently, GM-CSF has been incorporated into the treatment of malignancies as a sole therapy, as well as a vaccine adjuvant. While the benefits of GM-CSF in this arena have been promising, recent reports have suggested the potential for GM-CSF to induce immune suppression and, thus, negatively impact outcomes in the management of cancer patients. GM-CSF deficiency in pregnancy adversely impacts fetal and placental development, as well as progeny viability and growth after birth, highlighting this cytokine as a central maternal determinant of pregnancy outcome with clinical relevance in human fertility.

## References

1. Robertson SA. (2007) GM-CSF regulation of embryo development and pregnancy. *Cytokine Growth Factor Rev.* 18(3-4): 287-98.
2. Waller EK. (2007) The role of sargramostim (rhGM-CSF) as immunotherapy. *Oncologist.* 12 Suppl 2: 22-6.
3. Clive KS, *et al.* (2010) Use of GM-CSF as an adjuvant with cancer vaccines: beneficial or detrimental? *Expert Rev Vaccines.* 9(5): 519-25.

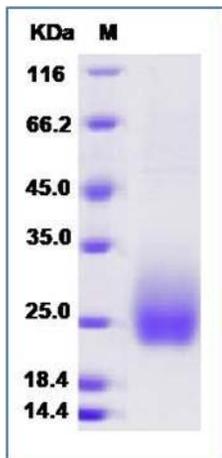
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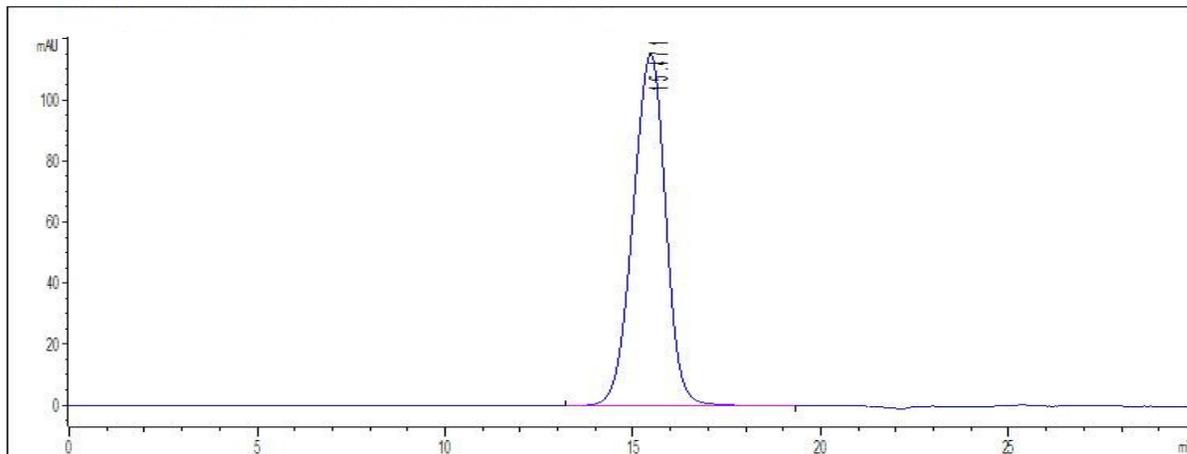


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SDS-PAGE:



SEC-HPLC:



94.5% as determined by SDS-PAGE

100.0% as determined by SEC-HPLC Analysis