# Human Interferon beta / IFN-beta / IFNB Protein

Catalog Number: 10704-HNAS



# **General Information**

## Gene Name Synonym:

IFB: IFF: IFN-beta: IFNB: Interferon beta

#### **Protein Construction:**

A DNA sequence encoding the human IFN $\beta$  (P01574) (Met1-Asn187) was expressed.

Source: Human

Expression Host: CHO Stable Cells

**QC** Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

#### **Bio Activity:**

Measured in antiviral assays using WISH cells infected with vesicular stomatitis virus. The  $ED_{50}$  for this effect is typically 2-20 pg/mL.

#### **Endotoxin:**

< 1.0 EU per  $\mu g$  of the protein as determined by the LAL method

#### Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

Predicted N terminal: Met 22

## **Molecular Mass:**

The recombinant human IFN $\beta$  consists of 166 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 20 KDa. It migrates as an approximately 20-23 KDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

#### Formulation:

Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered acetate buffer solution.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

# **Usage Guide**

#### Storage:

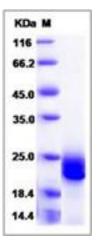
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

## Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

# Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

#### SDS-PAGE:



# **Protein Description**

Interferons (IFNs) are natural glycoproteins belonging to the cytokine superfamily, and are produced by the cells of the immune system of most vertebrates in response to challenges by foreign agents such as viruses, parasites and tumor cells. Interferon-beta (IFN beta) is an extra-cellular protein mediator of host defense and homeostasis. IFN beta has wellestablished direct antiviral, antiproliferative and immunomodulatory properties. Recombinant IFN beta is approved for the treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis. The recombinant IFN beta protein has the theoretical potential to either treat or cause autoimmune neuromuscular disorders by altering the complicated and delicate balances within the immune system networks. It is the most widely prescribed diseasemodifying therapy for multiple sclerosis (MS). Large-scale clinical trials have established the clinical efficacy of IFN beta in reducing relapses and slowing disease progression in relapsing-remitting MS. IFN beta therapy was shown to be comparably beneficial for opticospinal MS (OSMS) and conventional MS in Japanese. IFN beta is effective in reducing relapses in secondary progressive MS and may have a modest effect in slowing disability progression. In addition to the common antiviral activity, IFN beta also induces increased production of the p53 gene product which promotes apoptosis, and thus has therapeutic effect against certain cancers. The role of IFN-beta in bone metabolism could warrant its systematic evaluation as a potential adjunct to therapeutic regimens of osteolytic diseases. Furthermore, IFN beta might play a beneficial role in the development of a chronic progressive CNS inflammation.

## References

1.Kohriyama T, et al. (2008) Interferon-beta treatment for multiple sclerosis and predictors of response. Nippon Rinsho. 66(6): 1119-26. 2.Stbgen JP. (2009) Recombinant interferon-beta therapy and neuromuscular disorders. J Neuroimmunol. 212(1-2): 132-41. 3.Abraham AK, et al. (2009) Mechanisms of interferon-beta effects on bone homeostasis. Biochem Pharmacol. 77(12): 1757-62.

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