

Mouse LIF Protein

Catalog Number: 50756-MNAH



Sino Biological
Biological Solution Specialist

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:

LIF

Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the mouse LIF (NP_032527.1) (Met1-Phe203) was expressed and purified.

Source: Mouse

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

QC Testing

Purity: ≥ 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE. ≥ 95 % as determined by SEC-HPLC.

Bio Activity:

Measured by its ability to inhibit the proliferation of M1 mouse myeloid leukemia cells. The ED₅₀ for this effect is typically 0.1-0.5 ng/mL.

Endotoxin:

< 100 EU per mg protein.

Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

Predicted N terminal: Ser 24

Molecular Mass:

The recombinant mouse LIF consists of 180 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 19.9 kDa. It migrates as approximately 33.9 kDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Storage:

Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:



Protein Description

Leukemia inhibitory factor (LIF) is a pleiotropic glycoprotein belonging to the IL-6 family of cytokines. It's involved in growth promotion and cell differentiation of different types of target cells, influence on bone metabolism, cachexia, neural development, embryogenesis and inflammation. LIF has potent proinflammatory property, being the inducer of the acute phase protein synthesis and affecting the cell recruitment into the area of damage or inflammation. LIF is also one of the cytokines that are capable to regulate the differentiation of embryonic stem cells, hematopoietic and neuronal cells. LIF binds to the specific LIF receptor (LIFR- α) which forms a heterodimer with a specific subunit common to all members of that family of receptors, the GP130 signal transducing subunit. This leads to activation of the JAK/STAT and MAPK cascades. Due to its polyfunctional activities, LIF is involved in the pathogenic events and development of many diseases of various origin.

References

1. Salas EM, *et al.* (2011) LIF, a Novel STAT5-Regulated Gene, Is Aberrantly Expressed in Myeloproliferative Neoplasms. *Genes Cancer*. 2 (5): 593-6.
2. Chodorowska G, *et al.* (2004) Leukemia inhibitory factor (LIF) and its biological activity. *Ann Univ Mariae Curie Skłodowska Med*. 59 (2): 189-93.
3. Garcia-Campana AM, *et al.* (2007) LIF detection of peptides and proteins in CE. *Electrophoresis*. 28 (1-2): 208-32.

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