# Canine NRG1 / Neuregulin 1 Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: 70084-D02H



# **General Information**

### Gene Name Synonym:

NRG1

#### **Protein Construction:**

A DNA sequence encoding the canine NRG1 (XP\_858147.1) extracellular domain (Ser19-Lys240) was expressed with the Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus.

Source: Canine

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

**QC** Testing

Purity: > 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

**Bio Activity:** 

Measured in a serum-free cell proliferation assay using MCF?7 human breast cancer cells. The ED $_{50}$  for this effect is typically 2-12  $\mu$ g/mL.

#### **Endotoxin:**

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

### Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt  $% \left( 1\right) =1$  at -70  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 

Predicted N terminal: Ser 19

## **Molecular Mass:**

The recombinant canine NRG1/Fc is a disulfide-linked homodimer. The reduced monomer comprises 460 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 50.8 kDa. The apparent molecular mass of the protein is approximately 67 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

### Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

# **Usage Guide**

## Storage:

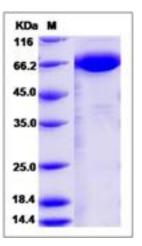
Store it under sterile conditions at  $-20^{\circ}$ C to  $-80^{\circ}$ C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

#### SDS-PAGE:



# **Protein Description**

Neuregulin 1 or NRG1 is one of four proteins in the neuregulin family that act on the EGFR family of receptors. This growth factor was originally identified as a 44-kD glycoprotein that interacts with the NEU / ERBB2 receptor tyrosine kinase to increase its phosphorylation on tyrosine residues. NRG1 is a trophic factor that has been implicated in neural development, neurotransmission, and synaptic plasticity. NRG1 has multiple isoforms that are generated by usage of different promoters and alternative splicing of a single gene. Neuregulin 1 (NRG1) is essential for the development and function of multiple organ systems, and its dysregulation has been linked to diseases such as cancer and schizophrenia. NRG1 is a schizophrenia candidate gene and plays an important role in brain development and neural function. Schizophrenia is a complex disorder, with etiology likely due to epistasis.

## References

1.Nicodemus KK, *et al.* (2010) Biological validation of increased schizophrenia risk with NRG1, ERBB4, and AKT1 epistasis via functional neuroimaging in healthy controls. Arch Gen Psychiatry. 67 (10): 991-1001. 2.Tan W, *et al.* (2007) Molecular cloning of a brain-specific, developmentally regulated neuregulin 1 (NRG1) isoform and identification of a functional promoter variant associated with schizophrenia. J Biol Chem. 282 (33): 24343-51. 3.Holmes WE, *et al.* (1992) Identification of heregulin, a specific activator of p185erbB2. Science. 256 (5060): 1205-10.

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