# Rat Ephrin-A1 / EFNA1 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: 80115-R08H



# **General Information**

#### Gene Name Synonym:

EFNA1

#### **Protein Construction:**

A DNA sequence encoding the rat EFNA1 (P97553) (Met1-His181) was expressed, fused with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

Source: Rat

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

**QC** Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

## **Bio Activity:**

Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized Rat EFNA1-His (Cat:80115-R08H ) at 10  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ l/well) can bind biotinylated mouse EPHA2-His (Cat:50586-M08H) with a linear range of 6.25-200 ng/ml.

#### **Endotoxin:**

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

#### Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 

Predicted N terminal: Ala 18

#### **Molecular Mass:**

The recombinant rat EFNA1 comprises 175 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 20.7 kDa. The apparent molecular mass of the rat EFNA1 is approximately 27 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions due to glycosylation.

## Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

## **Usage Guide**

# Storage:

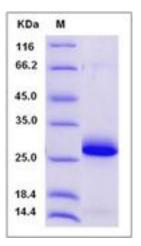
Store it under sterile conditions at  $-20\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  to  $-80\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

## Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

#### SDS-PAGE:



# **Protein Description**

EPH-related receptor tyrosine kinase ligand 1 (abbreviated as Ephrin-A1) also known as ligand of eph-related kinase 1 or EFNA1, is a member of the ephrin (EPH) family. The Eph family receptor interacting proteins (ephrins) are a family of proteins that serve as the ligands of the Eph receptor, which compose the largest known subfamily of receptor protein-tyrosine kinases (RTKs). Ephrin-A1/EFNA1 and its Eph family of receptor tyrosine kinases are expressed by cells of the SVZ. Ephrin subclasses are further distinguished by their mode of attachment to the plasma membrane: ephrin-A ligands bind EphA receptors and are anchored to the plasma membrane via a glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) linkage, whereas ephrin-B ligands bind EphB receptors and are anchored via a transmembrane domain. An exception is the EphA4 receptor, which binds both subclasses of ephrins. Ephrin-A1 and one of its receptor EphA2 were expressed in xenograft endothelial cells and also tumor cells and play a role in human cancers, at least in part by influencing tumor neovascularization.

### References

1.Deroanne C, et al. (2003) EphrinA1 inactivates integrin-mediated vascular smooth muscle cell spreading via the Rac/PAK pathway. J Cell Sci. 116(7): 1367-76. 2.Ojima T, et al. (2006) EphrinA1 inhibits vascular endothelial growth factor-induced intracellular signaling and suppresses retinal neovascularization and blood-retinal barrier breakdown. Am J Pathol. 168(1): 331-9. 3.Wu D, et al. (2004) Prognostic value of EphA2 and EphrinA-1 in squamous cell cervical carcinoma. Gynecol Oncol. 94(2): 312-9.

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