# Rat ICOS / AILIM / CD278 Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: 80381-R02H



## **General Information**

### Gene Name Synonym:

ICOS

#### **Protein Construction:**

A DNA sequence encoding the rat ICOS (Q9R1T7-1) (Met1-Leu142) was expressed with the Fc region of human IgG1 at the C-terminus.

Source: Rat

Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

**QC** Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

**Endotoxin:** 

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Predicted N terminal: Glu 21

#### Molecular Mass:

The recombinant rat ICOS /Fc is a disulfide-linked homodimer. The reduced monomer comprises 363 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 40.7 kDa. The apparent molecular mass of the protein is approximately 43-47 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

### Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

# **Usage Guide**

### Stability & Storage:

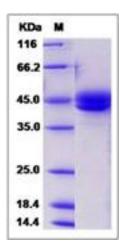
Samples are stable for twelve months from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

### Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

### SDS-PAGE:



# **Protein Description**

Inducible costimulator (ICOS), also called AILIM (Activation-Inducible Lymphocyte Immunomediatory Molecule) is a cell-surface receptor and belongs to the CD28 family of immune costimulatory receptors consisting of CD28, CTLA-4, and PD-1. The interaction of B7-H2/ICOS plays a critical role in Th cell differentiation, T-B cell interactions which are essential for the germinal center formation, and humoral immune responses, and as well as the production of cytokine IL-4. Also, ICOS is more potent in the induction of IL-10 production, a cytokine important for the suppressive function of T regulatory cells. The B7-1/B7-2--CD28/CTLA-4 and ICOS-B7RP-1 pathway provide key second signals that can regulate the activation, inhibition, and fine-tuning of Tlymphocyte responses. ICOS stimulates both Th1 and Th2 cytokine production but may have a preferential role in Th2 cell development. Moreover, The B7-1/B7-2-CD28/CTLA-4 and ICOS-B7RP-1 pathway has been suggested as being involved in the development of airway inflammation and airway hyperresponsiveness.

### References

1.Coyle AJ, et al. (2004) The role of ICOS and other costimulatory molecules in allergy and asthma. Springer Semin Immunopathol. 25(3-4): 349-59. 2.Chen YQ, et al. (2006) CD28/CTLA-4--CD80/CD86 and ICOS--B7RP-1 costimulatory pathway in bronchial asthma. Allergy. 61(1): 15-26. 3.van Berkel ME, et al. (2006) CD28 and ICOS: similar or separate costimulators of T cells Immunol Lett. 105(2): 115-22.