

Human NBL1 / DAND1 / DAN ELISA Pair Set

Catalog Number: SEK10169

To achieve the best assay results, this manual must be read carefully before using this product and the assay is run as summarized in the General ELISA protocol.

BACKGROUND

The Dan (Differential screening-selected gene aberrative in neuroblastoma, also known as N03) gene was first identified as the putative rat tumor suppressor gene and encodes a protein structurally related to Cerberus and Gremlin in vertebrates. It is a founding member of the DAN family of secreted proteins, acts as an inhibitor of cell cycle progression and is closely involved in retinoic acid-induced neuroblastoma differentiation. There are at least five mammalian protein members in the evolutionarily conserved Dan family including DAN, Gremlin/DRM, Cer1 (Cerberus-related), Dante and PRDC (protein related to DAN and cereberus), and share the C-terminal cystine-knot motif. As a secreted glycoprotein, DAN is a member of a class of glycoproteins shown to be secreted inhibitors of the transforming growth factor-beta (TGF-beta) and bone morphogenic protein pathways. It binds to BMPs and preventing their interactions with signaling receptor complexes, and accordingly regulates the processes of embryonic development and tissue differentiation. DAN gene product may have an important role in regulation of the entry of cells into the S phase. In addition, DAN gene product possesses an ability to revert phenotypes of transformed rat fibroblasts and represents a candidate tumour suppressor gene for neuroblastoma.

PRINCIPLE OF THE TEST

The Sino Biological ELISA Pair Set is a solid phase sandwich ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay). It utilizes a monoclonal antibody specific for NBL1 / DAND1 / DAN coated on a 96-well plate. Standards and samples are added to the wells, and any NBL1 / DAND1 / DAN present binds to the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and a horseradish peroxidase conjugated mouse anti-NBL1 / DAND1 / DAN monoclonal antibody is then added, producing an antibody-antigen-antibody "sandwich". The wells are again washed and TMB substrate solution is loaded, which produces color in proportion to the amount of NBL1 / DAND1 / DAN present in the sample. To end the enzyme reaction, the stop solution is added and absorbances of the microwell are read at 450 nm.

INTENDED USE

- ◆The Human NBL1 / DAND1 / DAN ELISA Pair Set is for the quantitative determination of Human NBL1 / DAND1 / DAN.
- ◆This ELISA Pair Set contains the basic components required for the development of sandwich ELISAs.

ASSAY PROCEDURE SUMMARY



This Pair Set has been configured for research use only and is not to be used in diagnostic procedures.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use.

Capture Antibody - 0.5 mg/mL of mouse anti-DAN monoclonal antibody, Dilute to a working concentration of 2 µg/mL in CBS before coating. (Catalog: # 10169-MM06)

Detection Antibody - 0.5 mg/mL mouse anti-DAN monoclonal antibody conjugated to horseradish-peroxidase (HRP). Dilute to working concentration of 1 μ g/mL in detection antibody dilution buffer before use. (Catalog: # 10169-MM01)

Standard – Each vial contains 110 ng of recombinant DAN. Reconstitute with 1 mL detection antibody dilution buffer. After reconstitution, store at -20°C to -80°C in a manual defrost freezer. A seven-point standard curve usi ng 2-fold serial dilutions in sample dilution buffer, and a high standard of 3 ng/mL is recommended.

Standard reconstitution tips: Add dilution buffer, gently mix it up and down 3~5 times. Avoid violent and long-time shock.

SOLUTIONS REQUIRED

CBS - 0.05M Na₂CO₃, 0.05M NaHCO₃, pH 9.6, $0.2 \mu m$ filtered

TBS - 20 mM Tris, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4

Wash Buffer - 0.05% Tween20 in TBS, pH 7.2 - 7.4

Blocking Buffer - 2% BSA in Wash Buffer

Sample dilution buffer - 0.1% BSA in wash buffer, pH 7.2 - 7.4, 0.2 µm filtered

Detection antibody dilution buffer - 0.5% BSA in wash buffer, pH 7.2 - 7.4, 0.2 µm filtered

Substrate Solution: To achieve best assay results, fresh substrate solution is recommended

Substrate stock solution - 10mg / ml TMB (Tetramethylbenzidine) in DMSO

Substrate dilution buffer - 0.05M Na $_2$ HPO $_4$ and 0.025M citric acid; adjust pH to 5.5

Substrate working solution - For each plate dilute 250 μ l substrate stock solution in 25ml substrate dilution buffer and then add 80 μ l 0.75% H_2O_2 , mix it well

Stop Solution - 2 N H₂SO₄

PRECAUTION

The Stop Solution suggested for use with this Pair Set is an acid solution. Wear eye, hand, face, and clothing protection when using this material.

STORAGE

Capture Antibody: Aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C for up to 6 months from date of receipt. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Detection Antibody: Protect it from prolonged exposure to light. Aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C and for up to 6 months from date of receipt. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Standard: Store lyophilized standard at -20°C to -80°C for up to 6 months from date of receipt. Aliquot and store the reconstituted standard at -80°C for up to 1 month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

GENERAL ELISA PROTOCOL

Plate Preparation

- 1.Dilute the capture antibody to the working concentration in CBS. Immediately coat a 96-well microplate with 100µL per well of the diluted capture antibody. Seal the plate and incubate overnight at 4°C.
- 2.Aspirate each well and wash with at least $300\mu\text{I}$ wash buffer, repeating the process two times for a total of three washes. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential for good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining wash buffer by inverting the plate and blotting it against clean paper towels. 3.Block plates by adding $300~\mu\text{L}$ of blocking buffer to each well. Incubate at room temperature for a minimum of 1 hour.
- 4.Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2. The plates are now ready for sample addition.

Assay Procedure

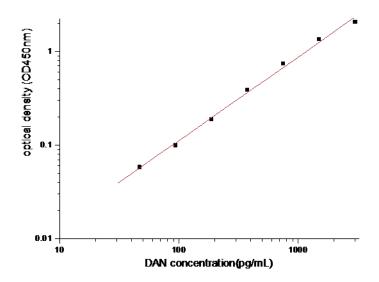
- $1.Add\ 100\ \mu L$ of sample or standards in sample dilution buffer per well. Seal the plate and incubate 2 hours at room temperature.
- 2. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of plate preparation.
- $3.Add\ 100\ \mu L$ of the detection antibody, diluted in antibody dilution buffer, to each well. Seal the plate and incubate 1 hour at room temperature.
- 4. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step 2 of plate preparation.
- $5.Add\ 200\ \mu L$ of substrate solution to each well. Incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature (if substrate solution is not as requested, the incubation time should be optimized). Avoid placing the plate in direct light.
- 6.Add 50 µL of stop solution to each well. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 7.Determine the optical density of each well immediately, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

- •Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls and samples. Subtract the mean zero standard absorbance from each.
- •Construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph.
- •To determine the concentration of the unknowns, find the unknowns' mean absorbance value on the y-axis and draw a horizontal line to the standard curve. At the point of intersection, draw a vertical line to the x-axis and read the concentration. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.
- •Alternatively, computer-based curve-fitting statistical software may also be employed to calculate the concentration of the sample.

TYPICAL DATA

This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay.



| Concentration (pg/ml) | Zero standard subtracted OD |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 0 | 0.000 |
| 46.9 | 0.058 |
| 93.8 | 0.099 |
| 187.5 | 0.188 |
| 375 | 0.387 |
| 750 | 0.739 |
| 1500 | 1.345 |
| 3000 | 2.052 |

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTIC

SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose of Human NBL1 / DAND1 / DAN was determined to be approximately 46.9 pg/ml. This is defined as at least three times standard deviations above the mean optical density of 10 replicates of the zero standard.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

| Problems | Possible Sources | Solutions |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| No signal | Incorrect or no Detection Antibody was added | Add appropriate Detection Antibody and continue |
| | Substrate solution was not added | Add substrate solution and continue |
| | Incorrect storage condition | Check if the kit is stored at recommended condition and used before expiration date |
| Poor Standard Curve | Standard was incompletely reconstituted or was inappropriately stored | Aliquot reconstituted standard and store at -80 °C |
| | Imprecise / inaccurate pipetting | Check / calibrate pipettes |
| | Incubations done at inappropriate temperature, timing or agitation | Follow the general ELISA protocol |
| | Background wells were contaminated | Avoid cross contamination by using the sealer appropriately |
| Poor detection value | The concentration of antigen in samples was too low | Enriching samples to increase the concentration of antigen |
| | Samples were ineffective | Check if the samples are stored at cold environment. Detect samples in timely manner |
| High Background | Insufficient washes | Use multichannel pipettes without touching the reagents on the plate |
| | | Increase cycles of washes and soaking time between washes |
| | TMB Substrate Solution was contaminated | TMB Substrate Solution should be clear and colorless prior to addition to wells |
| | Materials were contaminated. | Use clean plates, tubes and pipettes tips |
| Non-specificity | Samples were contaminated | Avoid cross contamination of samples |
| | The concentration of samples was too high | Try higher dilution rate of samples |

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