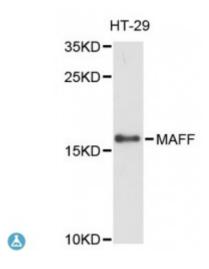


Anti-MAFF Antibody



Description The protein encoded by this gene is a basic leucine zipper (bZIP)

transcription factor that lacks a transactivation domain. It is known to bind the US-2 DNA element in the promoter of the oxytocin receptor (OTR) gene and most likely heterodimerizes with other leucine zipper-containing proteins to enhance expression of the OTR gene during term pregnancy. The encoded protein can also form homodimers, and since it lacks a transactivation domain, the homodimer may act as a repressor of transcription. This gene may also be involved in the cellular stress response. Multiple transcript variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Model STJ114786

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human

Applications WB

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino

acids 75-164 of human MAFF (NP_036455.1).

Gene ID 23764

Gene Symbol MAFF

Dilution range WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Tissue Specificity Expressed in the term myometrium and kidney

Purification Affinity purification

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Transcription factor MafF U-Maf V-maf musculoaponeurotic fibrosarcoma

oncogene homolog F

Molecular Weight 17.76 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Storage Instruction Store at -20C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Database Links HGNC:6780OMIM:604877Reactome:R-HSA-983231

Alternative Names Transcription factor MafF U-Maf V-maf musculoaponeurotic fibrosarcoma

oncogene homolog F

Function Since they lack a putative transactivation domain, the small Mafs behave as

transcriptional repressors when they dimerize among themselves,

Cellular Localization Nucleus

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