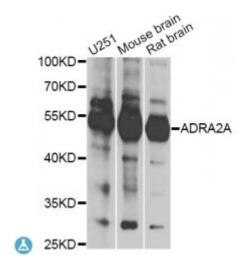


Anti-ADRA2A Antibody



Description

Alpha-2-adrenergic receptors are members of the G protein-coupled receptor superfamily. They include 3 highly homologous subtypes: alpha2A, alpha2B, and alpha2C. These receptors have a critical role in regulating neurotransmitter release from sympathetic nerves and from adrenergic neurons in the central nervous system. Studies in mouse revealed that both the alpha2A and alpha2C subtypes were required for normal presynaptic control of transmitter release from sympathetic nerves in the heart and from central noradrenergic neurons; the alpha2A subtype inhibited transmitter release at high stimulation frequencies, whereas the alpha2C subtype modulated neurotransmission at lower levels of nerve activity. This gene encodes alpha2A subtype and it contains no introns in either its coding or untranslated sequences.

Model STJ115876

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications WB

Immunogen A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence within amino acids 1-100 of

human ADRA2A (NP_000672.3).

Gene ID <u>150</u>

Gene Symbol <u>ADRA2A</u>

Dilution range WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Purification Affinity purification

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Alpha-2A adrenergic receptor Alpha-2 adrenergic receptor subtype C10

Alpha-2A adrenoreceptor Alpha-2A adrenoceptor Alpha-2AAR

Molecular Weight 48.957 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Storage Instruction Store at -20C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Database Links HGNC:2810MIM:104210Reactome:R-HSA-390696

Alternative Names Alpha-2A adrenergic receptor Alpha-2 adrenergic receptor subtype C10

Alpha-2A adrenoreceptor Alpha-2A adrenoceptor Alpha-2AAR

Function Alpha-2 adrenergic receptors mediate the catecholamine-induced inhibition of

adenylate cyclase through the action of G proteins, The rank order of potency for agonists of this receptor is oxymetazoline > clonidine > epinephrine > norepinephrine > phenylephrine > dopamine > p-synephrine > p-tyramine > serotonin = p-octopamine, For antagonists, the rank order is yohimbine > phentolamine = mianserine > chlorpromazine = spiperone = prazosin >

propanolol > alprenolol = pindolol,

Cellular Localization Cell membrane

St John's Laboratory Ltd F +44 (0)207 681 2580

T+44 (0)208 223 3081

W http://www.stjohnslabs.com/ E info@stjohnslabs.com