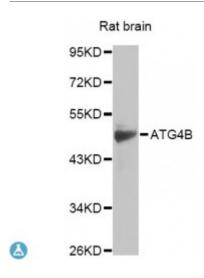


Anti-ATG4B Antibody



Description Autophagy is the process by which endogenous proteins and damaged

organelles are destroyed intracellularly. Autophagy is postulated to be essential for cell homeostasis and cell remodeling during differentiation, metamorphosis, non-apoptotic cell death, and aging. Reduced levels of autophagy have been described in some malignant tumors, and a role for autophagy in controlling the unregulated cell growth linked to cancer has been proposed. This gene encodes a member of the autophagin protein family. The encoded protein is also designated as a member of the C-54 family of cysteine proteases. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized.

Model STJ116047

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Rat

Applications WB

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino

acids 1-393 of human ATG4B (NP_037457.3).

Gene ID 23192

Gene Symbol ATG4B

Dilution range WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Tissue Specificity Mainly expressed in the skeletal muscle, followed by brain, heart, liver and

pancreas

Purification Affinity purification

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Cysteine protease ATG4B

Molecular Weight 44.294 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Storage Instruction Store at -20C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Database Links HGNC:20790OMIM:611338Reactome:R-HSA-1632852

Alternative Names Cysteine protease ATG4B

Function Cysteine protease required for the cytoplasm to vacuole transport (Cvt) and

autophagy, Cleaves the C-terminal amino acid of ATG8 family proteins MAP1LC3, GABARAPL1, GABARAPL2 and GABARAP, to reveal a C-terminal glycine, Exposure of the glycine at the C-terminus is essential for ATG8 proteins conjugation to phosphatidylethanolamine (PE) and insertion to

membranes, which is necessary for autophagy, Has also an activity of

delipidating enzyme for the PE-conjugated forms,

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm

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