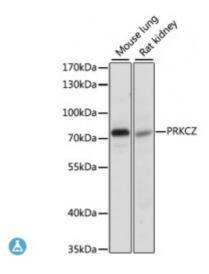
Anti-PRKCZ Antibody



Description Protein kinase C (PKC) zeta is a member of the PKC family of

serine/threonine kinases which are involved in a variety of cellular processes such as proliferation, differentiation and secretion. Unlike the classical PKC isoenzymes which are calcium-dependent, PKC zeta exhibits a kinase activity which is independent of calcium and diacylglycerol but not of phosphatidylserine. Furthermore, it is insensitive to typical PKC inhibitors and cannot be activated by phorbol ester. Unlike the classical PKC isoenzymes, it has only a single zinc finger module. These structural and biochemical properties indicate that the zeta subspecies is related to, but distinct from other isoenzymes of PKC. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms.

Model STJ116111

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Mouse, Rat

Applications WB

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino

acids 453-592 of human PRKCZ (NP_002735.3).

Gene ID <u>5590</u>

Gene Symbol PRKCZ

Dilution range WB 1:500 - 1:2000

Tissue Specificity Expressed in brain, and to a lesser extent in lung, kidney and testis

Purification Affinity purification

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Protein kinase C zeta type

Molecular Weight 67.66 kDa

Polyclonal **Clonality**

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3. **Formulation**

Store at -20C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. **Storage Instruction**

HGNC:9412OMIM:176982Reactome:R-HSA-114604 **Database Links**

Protein kinase C zeta type **Alternative Names**

Calcium- and diacylglycerol-independent serine/threonine-protein kinase that **Function**

> functions in phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K) pathway and mitogenactivated protein (MAP) kinase cascade, and is involved in NF-kappa-B activation, mitogenic signaling, cell proliferation, cell polarity, inflammatory

response and maintenance of long-term potentiation (LTP), Upon

lipopolysaccharide (LPS) treatment in macrophages, or following mitogenic

stimuli, functions downstream of PI3K to activate MAP2K1/MEK1-

MAPK1/ERK2 signaling cascade independently of RAF1 activation, Required for insulin-dependent activation of AKT3, but may function as an adapter rather than a direct activator, Upon insulin treatment may act as a downstream effector of PI3K and contribute to the activation of translocation of the glucose transporter SLC2A4/GLUT4 and subsequent glucose transport in adipocytes, In EGF-induced cells, binds and activates MAP2K5/MEK5-MAPK7/ERK5 independently of its kinase activity and can activate JUN promoter through MEF2C, Through binding with SQSTM1/p62, functions in interleukin-1 signaling and activation of NF-kappa-B with the specific adapters RIPK1 and TRAF6, Participates in TNF-dependent transactivation of NF-kappa-B by phosphorylating and activating IKBKB kinase, which in turn leads to the degradation of NF-kappa-B inhibitors, In migrating astrocytes, forms a cytoplasmic complex with PARD6A and is recruited by CDC42 to function in the establishment of cell polarity along with the microtubule motor and dynein, In association with FEZ1, stimulates neuronal differentiation in PC12 cells, In the inflammatory response, is required for the T-helper 2 (Th2) differentiation process, including interleukin production, efficient activation of JAK1 and the subsequent phosphorylation and nuclear translocation of STAT6, May be involved in development of allergic airway inflammation (asthma), a process dependent on Th2 immune response, In the NF-kappa-Bmediated inflammatory response, can relieve SETD6-dependent repression of NF-kappa-B target genes by phosphorylating the RELA subunit at 'Ser-311', Necessary and sufficient for LTP maintenance in hippocampal CA1 pyramidal cells, In vein endothelial cells treated with the oxidant peroxynitrite,

phosphorylates STK11 leading to nuclear export of STK11, subsequent inhibition of PI3K/Akt signaling, and increased apoptosis, Phosphorylates

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm

CDH5 is required for its phosphorylation at Thr-410, Phosphorylated by Post-translational

VAMP2 in vitro,

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protein kinase PDPK1

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