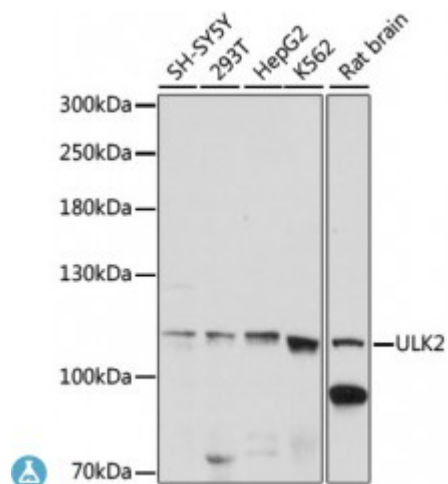


Anti-ULK2 Antibody



Description

This gene encodes a protein that is similar to a serine/threonine kinase in *C. elegans* which is involved in axonal elongation. The structure of this protein is similar to the *C. elegans* protein in that both proteins have an N-terminal kinase domain, a central proline/serine rich (PS) domain, and a C-terminal (C) domain. The gene is located within the Smith-Magenis syndrome region on chromosome 17. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been identified.

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Model | STJ117437 |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Reactivity | Human, Rat |
| Applications | WB |
| Immunogen | A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence within amino acids 1-100 of human ULK2 (NP_001136082.1). |
| Gene ID | 9706 |
| Gene Symbol | ULK2 |
| Dilution range | WB 1:500 - 1:2000 |
| Purification | Affinity purification |
| Note | For Research Use Only (RUO). |
| Protein Name | Serine/threonine-protein kinase ULK2 |
| Molecular Weight | 112.694 kDa |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |

| | |
|---|--|
| Conjugation | Unconjugated |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Formulation | PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3. |
| Storage Instruction | Store at -20C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. |
| Database Links | HGNC:13480 OMIM:608650 |
| Alternative Names | Serine/threonine-protein kinase ULK2 |
| Function | Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in autophagy in response to starvation, Acts upstream of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase PIK3C3 to regulate the formation of autophagophores, the precursors of autophagosomes, Part of regulatory feedback loops in autophagy: acts both as a downstream effector and a negative regulator of mammalian target of rapamycin complex 1 (mTORC1) via interaction with RPTOR, Activated via phosphorylation by AMPK, also acts as a negative regulator of AMPK through phosphorylation of the AMPK subunits PRKAA1, PRKAB2 and PRKAG1, May phosphorylate ATG13/KIAA0652, FRS2, FRS3 and RPTOR |
| Cellular Localization | Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane, |
| Post-translational Modifications | Autophosphorylated, In response to nutrient limitation, probably phosphorylated and activated by AMPK, leading to activate autophagy, |

St John's Laboratory Ltd

F +44 (0)207 681 2580

T +44 (0)208 223 3081

W <http://www.stjohnslabs.com/>

E info@stjohnslabs.com