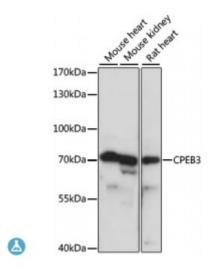
# **Anti-CPEB3 Antibody**



Model STJ117597

**Host** Rabbit

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse, Rat

**Applications** WB

**Immunogen** Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino

acids 150-400 of human CPEB3 (NP\_055727.3).

**Gene ID** 22849

Gene Symbol CPEB3

**Dilution range** WB 1:200 - 1:2000

**Purification** Affinity purification

**Note** For Research Use Only (RUO).

**Protein Name** Cytoplasmic polyadenylation element-binding protein 3 CPE-BP3 CPE-

binding protein 3 hCPEB-3

Molecular Weight 76.014 kDa

**Clonality** Polyclonal

**Conjugation** Unconjugated

**Isotype** IgG

**Formulation** PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

**Storage Instruction** Store at -20C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Database Links HGNC:21746OMIM:610606

Alternative Names Cytoplasmic polyadenylation element-binding protein 3 CPE-BP3 CPE-

### binding protein 3 hCPEB-3

#### Function

Sequence-specific RNA-binding protein which acts as a translational repressor in the basal unstimulated state but, following neuronal stimulation, acts as a translational activator, In contrast to CPEB1, does not bind to the cytoplasmic polyadenylation element (CPE), a uridine-rich sequence element within the mRNA 3'-UTR, but binds to a U-rich loop within a stem-loop structure, Required for the consolidation and maintenance of hippocampal-based long term memory, In the basal state, binds to the mRNA 3'-UTR of the glutamate receptors GRIA2/GLUR2 mRNA and negatively regulates their translation, Also represses the translation of DLG4, GRIN1, GRIN2A and GRIN2B, When activated, acts as a translational activator of GRIA1 and GRIA2, In the basal state, suppresses SUMO2 translation but activates it following neuronal stimulation, Binds to the 3'-UTR of TRPV1 mRNA and represses TRPV1 translation which is required to maintain normal thermoception, Binds actin mRNA, leading to actin translational repression in the basal state and to translational activation following neuronal stimulation, Negatively regulates target mRNA levels by binding to TOB1 which recruits CNOT7/CAF1 to a ternary complex and this leads to target mRNA deadenylation and decay,

#### **Cellular Localization**

## Post-translational Modifications

### Cytoplasm,

Activated by NEURL1-mediated monoubiquitination, resulting in the growth of new dendritic spines and increased levels of GRIA1 and GRIA2, NEURL1-mediated monoubiquitination facilitates synaptic plasticity and hippocampal-dependent memory storage,

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