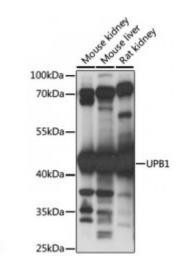
Anti-UPB1 Antibody



Description

This gene encodes a protein that belongs to the CN hydrolase family. Beta-ureidopropionase catalyzes the last step in the pyrimidine degradation pathway. The pyrimidine bases uracil and thymine are degraded via the consecutive action of dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase (DHPDH), dihydropyrimidinase (DHP) and beta-ureidopropionase (UP) to beta-alanine and beta-aminoisobutyric acid, respectively. UP deficiencies are associated with N-carbamyl-beta-amino aciduria and may lead to abnormalities in neurological activity.

Model STJ117647

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Mouse, Rat

Applications WB

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino

acids 1-240 of human UPB1 (NP_057411.1).

Gene ID <u>51733</u>

Gene Symbol <u>UPB1</u>

Dilution range WB 1:200 - 1:2000

Purification Affinity purification

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Beta-ureidopropionase

Molecular Weight 43.166 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

Storage Instruction Store at -20C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Database Links <u>HGNC:16297OMIM:606673Reactome:R-HSA-73621</u>

Alternative Names Beta-ureidopropionase

Function Converts N-carbamoyl-beta-aminoisobutyrate and N-carbamoyl-beta-alanine

(3-ureidopropanoate) to, respectively, beta-aminoisobutyrate and beta-alanine,

ammonia and carbon dioxide

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm

St John's Laboratory Ltd

F +44 (0)207 681 2580

T+44 (0)208 223 3081

W http://www.stjohnslabs.com/ E info@stjohnslabs.com