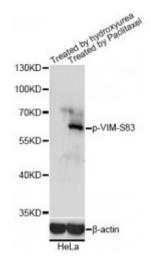
## Anti-Phospho-VIM-(S83) Antibody



**Description** 

This gene encodes a member of the intermediate filament family. Intermediate filamentents, along with microtubules and actin microfilaments, make up the cytoskeleton. The protein encoded by this gene is responsible for maintaining cell shape, integrity of the cytoplasm, and stabilizing cytoskeletal interactions. It is also involved in the immune response, and controls the transport of low-density lipoprotein (LDL)-derived cholesterol from a lysosome to the site of esterification. It functions as an organizer of a number of critical proteins involved in attachment, migration, and cell signaling. Mutations in this gene causes a dominant, pulverulent cataract.

Model STJ117897

**Host** Rabbit

**Reactivity** Human, Rat

**Applications** WB

Immunogen A synthetic phosphorylated peptide around S83 of human VIM

(NP\_003371.2).

**Gene ID** 7431

Gene Symbol VIM

**Dilution range** WB 1:500 - 1:2000

**Tissue Specificity** Highly expressed in fibroblasts, some expression in T- and B-lymphocytes,

and little or no expression in Burkitt's lymphoma cell lines, Expressed in many

hormone-independent mammary carcinoma cell lines

**Purification** Affinity purification

**Note** For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Vimentin

Molecular Weight 53.652 kDa

**Clonality** Polyclonal

**Conjugation** Unconjugated

**Isotype** IgG

**Formulation** PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

**Storage Instruction** Store at -20C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Database Links HGNC:126920MIM:116300Reactome:R-HSA-264870

Alternative Names Vimentin

**Function** Vimentins are class-III intermediate filaments found in various non-epithelial

cells, especially mesenchymal cells, Vimentin is attached to the nucleus, endoplasmic reticulum, and mitochondria, either laterally or terminally,

**Cellular Localization** Cytoplasm

**Post-translational** Filament disassembly during mitosis is promoted by phosphorylation at

Ser-55 as well as by nestin, One of the most prominent phosphoproteins in various cells of mesenchymal origin, Phosphorylation is enhanced during cell division, at which time vimentin filaments are significantly reorganized,

Phosphorylation by PKN1 inhibits the formation of filaments, Phosphorylated

at Ser-56 by CDK5 during neutrophil secretion in the cytoplasm,

Phosphorylated by STK33,

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**Modifications** 

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