

Anti-KCMB1 antibody



Description Unconjugated Rabbit polyclonal to KCMB1

Model STJ190626

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications ELISA, WB

Gene ID <u>3779</u>

Gene Symbol KCNMB1

Dilution range WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

Specificity KCMB1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.

Tissue Specificity Abundantly expressed in smooth muscle. Low levels of expression in most

other tissues. Within the brain, relatively high levels found in hippocampus

and corpus callosum.

Purification KCMB1 antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Calcium-activated potassium channel subunit beta-1 BK channel subunit

beta-1 BKbeta BKbeta1 Hbeta1 Calcium-activated potassium channel,

subfamily M subunit beta-1 Calcium-activated potassium channel subunit beta

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Molecular Weight 21 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation Liquid form in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links <u>HGNC:6285OMIM:603951</u>

Alternative Names Calcium-activated potassium channel subunit beta-1 BK channel subunit

beta-1 BKbeta BKbeta1 Hbeta1 Calcium-activated potassium channel,

subfamily M subunit beta-1 Calcium-activated potassium channel subunit beta

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Function Regulatory subunit of the calcium activated potassium KCNMA1 (maxiK)

channel. Modulates the calcium sensitivity and gating kinetics of KCNMA1, thereby contributing to KCNMA1 channel diversity. Increases the apparent

Ca(2+)/voltage sensitivity of the KCNMA1 channel. It also modifies

KCNMA1 channel kinetics and alters its pharmacological properties. It slows down the activation and the deactivation kinetics of the channel. Acts as a negative regulator of smooth muscle contraction by enhancing the calcium sensitivity to KCNMA1. Its presence is also a requirement for internal binding of the KCNMA1 channel opener dehydrosoyasaponin I (DHS-1) triterpene glycoside and for external binding of the agonist hormone 17-beta-estradiol (E2). Increases the binding activity of charybdotoxin (CTX) toxin to KCNMA1 peptide blocker by increasing the CTX association rate and

decreasing the dissociation rate.

Cellular Localization Membrane. Multi-pass membrane protein.

Post-translational N-glycosylated.

Modifications

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