

## **Anti-MADCA** antibody



**Description** Unconjugated Rabbit polyclonal to MADCA

Model STJ190987

**Host** Rabbit

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse, Rat

**Applications** ELISA, WB

**Immunogen** Synthesized peptide derived from human MADCA protein.

**Immunogen Region** 260-340aa

**Gene ID** <u>8174</u>

Gene Symbol MADCAM1

**Dilution range** WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

**Specificity** MADCA Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.

**Tissue Specificity** Highly expressed on high endothelial venules (HEV) and lamina propia

venules found in the small intestine, and to a lesser extent in the colon and spleen. Very low levels of expression found in pancreas and brain. Not expressed in the thymus, prostate, ovaries, testis, heart, placenta, lung, liver,

skeletal muscle, kidney or peripheral blood leukocytes.

**Purification** MADCA antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

**Note** For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Mucosal addressin cell adhesion molecule 1 MAdCAM-1 hMAdCAM-1

Molecular Weight 42 kDa

**Clonality** Polyclonal

**Conjugation** Unconjugated

**Isotype** IgG

**Formulation** Liquid form in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.

**Concentration** 1 mg/ml

**Storage Instruction** Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links HGNC:6765OMIM:102670

Alternative Names Mucosal addressin cell adhesion molecule 1 MAdCAM-1 hMAdCAM-1

**Function** Cell adhesion leukocyte receptor expressed by mucosal venules, helps to

direct lymphocyte traffic into mucosal tissues including the Peyer patches and the intestinal lamina propria. It can bind both integrin alpha-4/beta-7 and L-selectin, regulating both the passage and retention of leukocytes. Isoform 2, lacking the mucin-like domain, may be specialized in supporting integrin alpha-4/beta-7-dependent adhesion strengthening, independent of L-selectin

binding.

**Cellular Localization** Membrane. Single-pass type I membrane protein.

**Post-translational** The Ser/Thr-rich mucin-like domain may provide possible sites for O-

**Modifications** glycosylation.

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