

Anti-PTPRS antibody



Description Unconjugated Rabbit polyclonal to PTPRS

Model STJ191301

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Applications ELISA, WB

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human PTPRS protein.

Immunogen Region 320-400aa

Gene ID <u>5802</u>

Gene Symbol PTPRS

Dilution range WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

Specificity PTPRS Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.

Tissue Specificity Detected in peripheral blood plasmacytoid dendritic cells (at protein level).

Detected in all tissues tested except for placenta and liver . Detected in

peripheral blood plasmacytoid dendritic cells.

Purification PTPRS antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase S R-PTP-S Receptor-type

tyrosine-protein phosphatase sigma R-PTP-sigma

Molecular Weight 214 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation Liquid form in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links <u>HGNC:9681OMIM:601576</u>

Alternative Names Receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase S R-PTP-S Receptor-type

tyrosine-protein phosphatase sigma R-PTP-sigma

Function Cell surface receptor that binds to glycosaminoglycans, including chondroitin

sulfate proteoglycans and heparan sulfate proteoglycan. Binding to

chondroitin sulfate and heparan sulfate proteoglycans has opposite effects on PTPRS oligomerization and regulation of neurite outgrowth. Contributes to

the inhibition of neurite and axonal outgrowth by chondroitin sulfate

proteoglycans, also after nerve transection. Plays a role in stimulating neurite outgrowth in response to the heparan sulfate proteoglycan GPC2. Required for normal brain development, especially for normal development of the pituitary gland and the olfactory bulb. Functions as tyrosine phosphatase. Mediates dephosphorylation of NTRK1, NTRK2 and NTRK3. Plays a role in down-regulation of signaling cascades that lead to the activation of Akt and MAP kinases. Down-regulates TLR9-mediated activation of NF-kappa-B, as well

as production of TNF, interferon alpha and interferon beta.

Cellular Localization Cell membrane Cell projection, axon Perikaryon Cytoplasmic vesicle,

secretory vesicle, synaptic vesicle membrane Cell junction, synapse,

synaptosome Cell junction, synapse, postsynaptic cell membrane, postsynaptic density. Is rapidly internalized when dendritic cells are stimulated with the TLR9 ligand cytidine-phosphate-guanosine (CpG). Detected in a punctate

pattern along neurites and axon growth cones.

Post-translational A cleavage occurs, separating the extracellular domain from the

Modifications transmembrane segment. This process called 'ectodomain shedding' is thought

to be involved in receptor desensitization, signal transduction and/or

membrane localization.

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