

## Anti-PCGF2 antibody

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<b>Description</b>	Unconjugated Rabbit polyclonal to PCGF2
<b>Model</b>	STJ193132
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse
<b>Applications</b>	ELISA, WB
<b>Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">7703</a>
<b>Gene Symbol</b>	<a href="#">PCGF2</a>
<b>Dilution range</b>	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
<b>Specificity</b>	PCGF2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Detected in all tissues examined with high expression found in placenta lung and kidney and low expression, in liver, pancreas and skeletal muscle.
<b>Purification</b>	PCGF2 antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Note</b>	For Research Use Only (RUO).
<b>Protein Name</b>	Polycomb group RING finger protein 2 DNA-binding protein Mel-18 RING finger protein 110 Zinc finger protein 144
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	37 kDa
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG

<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid form in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Storage Instruction</b>	Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Database Links</b>	<a href="https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ENSP/entry/HGNC:12929OMIM:600346">HGNC:12929OMIM:600346</a>
<b>Alternative Names</b>	Polycomb group RING finger protein 2 DNA-binding protein Mel-18 RING finger protein 110 Zinc finger protein 144
<b>Function</b>	Transcriptional repressor. Binds specifically to the DNA sequence 5'-GACTNGACT-3'. Has tumor suppressor activity. May play a role in control of cell proliferation and/or neural cell development. Regulates proliferation of early T progenitor cells by maintaining expression of HES1. Also plays a role in antero-posterior specification of the axial skeleton and negative regulation of the self-renewal activity of hematopoietic stem cells. Component of a Polycomb group (PcG) multiprotein PRC1-like complex, a complex class required to maintain the transcriptionally repressive state of many genes, including Hox genes, throughout development. PcG PRC1 complex acts via chromatin remodeling and modification of histones; it mediates monoubiquitination of histone H2A 'Lys-119', rendering chromatin heritably changed in its expressibility. Is not functionally redundant with BMI1; unlike BMI1 does not stimulate the E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity in a reconstituted PRC1-like complex .
<b>Cellular Localization</b>	Nucleus
<b>Post-translational Modifications</b>	Phosphorylated. Homodimer formation is regulated by phosphorylation state with unphosphorylated protein forming homodimers .