

## Anti-ASC-1 antibody



**Description** Rabbit polyclonal to ASC-1.

Model STJ91731

**Host** Rabbit

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse

**Applications** ELISA, IF, IHC, WB

**Immunogen** Synthesized peptide derived from human ASC-1

**Immunogen Region** 50-130 aa, Internal

**Gene ID** <u>9325</u>

Gene Symbol TRIP4

**Dilution range** WB 1:500-1:2000IHC 1:100-1:300IF 1:200-1:1000ELISA 1:10000

**Specificity** ASC-1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ASC-1 protein.

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

**Note** For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Activating signal cointegrator 1 ASC-1 Thyroid receptor-interacting protein 4

TR-interacting protein 4 TRIP-4

Molecular Weight 66 kDa

**Clonality** Polyclonal

**Conjugation** Unconjugated

**Isotype** IgG

**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

**Concentration** 1 mg/ml

**Storage Instruction** Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links <u>HGNC:12310OMIM:604501</u>

**Alternative Names** Activating signal cointegrator 1 ASC-1 Thyroid receptor-interacting protein 4

TR-interacting protein 4 TRIP-4

**Function** Transcription coactivator which associates with nuclear receptors,

transcriptional coactivators including EP300, CREBBP and NCOA1, and basal transcription factors like TBP and TFIIA to facilitate nuclear receptors-mediated transcription. May thereby play an important role in establishing distinct coactivator complexes under different cellular conditions. Plays a role in thyroid hormone receptor and estrogen receptor transactivation . Also involved in androgen receptor transactivation . Plays a pivotal role in the transactivation of NF-kappa-B, SRF and AP1. Acts as a mediator of

transrepression between nuclear receptor and either AP1 or NF-kappa-B . May play a role in the development of neuromuscular junction . May play a role in

late myogenic differentiation.

Sequence and Domain Family The C4-type zinc finger mediates a competitive interaction with UFSP2 and

ligand-bound nuclear receptors. It also mediates interaction with the transcriptional coactivators and the basal transcription machinery.

Cellular Localization Nucleus Cytoplasm, cytosol Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing

center, centrosome. Cytoplasmic under conditions of serum deprivation .

Colocalizes with NEK6 in the centrosome.

**Post-translational** Phosphorylated by NEK6. Polyufmylated by the UFM1-conjugating system composed of the enzymes UBA5, UFC1 and UFL1. Deufmylated by the

protease UFSP2. Ufmylation of TRIP4 is promoted by ligand-bound nuclear receptors that compete with UFSP2 for interaction with TRIP4. Nuclear receptors-induced ufmylation promotes the recruitment of additional transcriptional coactivators like EP300 and NCOA1 and therefore the assembly of a coactivator complex facilitating nuclear receptor-mediated

transcription.