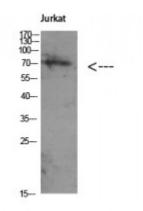


Anti-Atg16 antibody





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Model STJ91756

Host Rabbit

Reactivity Human

Applications ELISA, WB

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human Atg16

Immunogen Region 60-140 aa, Internal

Gene ID <u>55054</u>

Gene Symbol <u>ATG16L1</u>

Dilution range WB 1:500-1:2000ELISA 1:5000

Specificity Atg16 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Atg16 protein.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Note For Research Use Only (RUO).

Protein Name Autophagy-related protein 16-1 APG16-like 1

Molecular Weight 70 kDa

Clonality Polyclonal

Conjugation Unconjugated

Isotype IgG

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage Instruction Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Database Links HGNC:21498OMIM:610767

Alternative Names Autophagy-related protein 16-1 APG16-like 1

Function Plays an essential role in autophagy: interacts with ATG12-ATG5 to mediate

the conjugation of phosphatidylethanolamine (PE) to LC3 (MAP1LC3A, MAP1LC3B or MAP1LC3C), to produce a membrane-bound activated form of LC3 named LC3-II. Thereby, controls the elongation of the nascent autophagosomal membrane . Regulates mitochondrial antiviral signaling (MAVS)-dependent type I interferon (IFN-I) production . Negatively regulates NOD1- and NOD2-driven inflammatory cytokine response . Plays a role in

regulating morphology and function of Paneth cell.

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm Preautophagosomal structure membrane. Recruited to omegasomes

membranes by WIPI2. Omegasomes are endoplasmic reticulum connected strutures at the origin of preautophagosomal structures. Localized to preautophagosomal structure (PAS) where it is involved in the membrane targeting of ATG5. Localizes also to discrete punctae along the ciliary

axoneme.

Post-translational Proteolytic cleavage by activated CASP3 leads to degradation and may

regulate autophagy upon cellular stress and apoptotic stimuli. Phosphorylation at Ser-139 promotes association with the ATG12-ATG5 conjugate to form the

ATG12-ATG5-ATG16L1 complex.

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Modifications

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