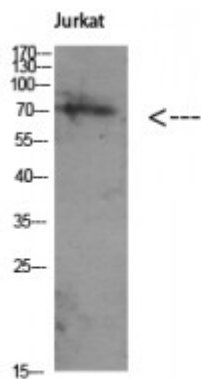


## Anti-Atg16 antibody



<b>Description</b>	Rabbit polyclonal to Atg16.
<b>Model</b>	STJ91756
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Applications</b>	ELISA, WB
<b>Immunogen</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from human Atg16
<b>Immunogen Region</b>	60-140 aa, Internal
<b>Gene ID</b>	<a href="#">55054</a>
<b>Gene Symbol</b>	<a href="#">ATG16L1</a>
<b>Dilution range</b>	WB 1:500-1:2000ELISA 1:5000
<b>Specificity</b>	Atg16 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Atg16 protein.
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Note</b>	For Research Use Only (RUO).
<b>Protein Name</b>	Autophagy-related protein 16-1 APG16-like 1
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	70 kDa
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG

<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Storage Instruction</b>	Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Database Links</b>	<a href="https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ENSP/entry/HGNC:21498OMIM:610767">HGNC:21498OMIM:610767</a>
<b>Alternative Names</b>	Autophagy-related protein 16-1 APG16-like 1
<b>Function</b>	Plays an essential role in autophagy: interacts with ATG12-ATG5 to mediate the conjugation of phosphatidylethanolamine (PE) to LC3 (MAP1LC3A, MAP1LC3B or MAP1LC3C), to produce a membrane-bound activated form of LC3 named LC3-II. Thereby, controls the elongation of the nascent autophagosomal membrane . Regulates mitochondrial antiviral signaling (MAVS)-dependent type I interferon (IFN-I) production . Negatively regulates NOD1- and NOD2-driven inflammatory cytokine response . Plays a role in regulating morphology and function of Paneth cell .
<b>Cellular Localization</b>	Cytoplasm Preautophagosomal structure membrane. Recruited to omegasomes membranes by WIPI2. Omegasomes are endoplasmic reticulum connected structures at the origin of preautophagosomal structures. Localized to preautophagosomal structure (PAS) where it is involved in the membrane targeting of ATG5. Localizes also to discrete punctae along the ciliary axoneme.
<b>Post-translational Modifications</b>	Proteolytic cleavage by activated CASP3 leads to degradation and may regulate autophagy upon cellular stress and apoptotic stimuli. Phosphorylation at Ser-139 promotes association with the ATG12-ATG5 conjugate to form the ATG12-ATG5-ATG16L1 complex.